ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



**CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON** 



# **CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON**

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by the City of Tualatin – Department of Finance

Don Hudson, Assistant City Manager/Finance Director

Matt Warner, Assistant Finance Director

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City Council	<u>Term Expires</u>
Frank Bubenik, Mayor	December 31, 2026
Maria Reyes, Position No. 1	December 31, 2026
Christen Sacco, Position No. 2	December 31, 2024
Bridget Brooks, Position No. 3	December 31, 2026
Cyndy Hillier, Position No. 4	December 31, 2024
Octavio Gonzalez, Position No. 5	December 31, 2026
Valerie Pratt, Council President, Position No. 6	December 31, 2024

# **Administrative**

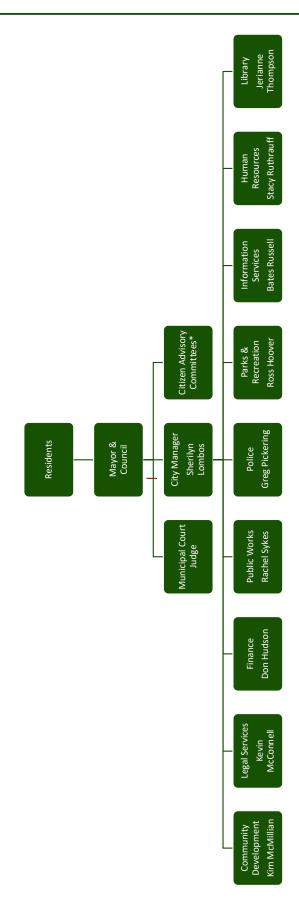
Sherilyn Lombos, City Manager Kevin McConnell, City Attorney Don Hudson, Assistant City Manager/Finance Director

> City Offices 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue Tualatin, Oregon 97062

City Council members may be contacted at the above City Offices address.



# City of Tualatin Organization



Core Area Parking District Board, the Architectural Review Board, and the Budget Advisory Committee \* The Citizen Advisory Committees include the Tualatin Library Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Park Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Arts Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Planning Commission, the



# City of Tualatin

# www.tualatinoregon.gov

December 30, 2024

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Council, and Residents of the City of Tualatin:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. These statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Tualatin, Oregon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Tualatin has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Tualatin's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Tualatin's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

SingerLewak, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Tualatin's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Tualatin for the year ended June 30, 2024, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Tualatin's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **Profile of the City of Tualatin**

The City of Tualatin is located in Northwestern Oregon in the Portland metropolitan area, in the counties of Washington and Clackamas, just twelve miles south of Portland's city center. The City of Tualatin, incorporated in 1913, currently occupies a land area of 7.9 square miles and serves a population of 27,753. The City of Tualatin is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's manager. The City's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with three Council members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a four-year term.

The City provides a full range of services including: police protection, community planning and building inspection, engineering and economic development, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, community library services, recreational activities and cultural events.

Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue District provides fire and emergency services to the community. The City is also part of Metro, the tri-county urban services district based in Portland, Oregon.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All department heads of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager (who acts as the City Budget Officer). After the Budget Officer prepares the proposed budget, notice of the first budget committee meeting is published. The budget committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of appointed citizen members) reviews and approves the budget after which notice of the public hearing for the City Council to adopt the budget is published. The budget must be adopted making appropriations for the ensuing fiscal year by June 30th of the previous year. Changes to the adopted budget are governed by Local Budget Law in state statute and require City Council approval.

For financial reporting purposes, this report includes all funds of the City that are subject to appropriation by the City Council. For financial planning and control, the City prepares and adopts an annual budget in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes Chapters 294.305 through 294.565. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the report for each individual fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The comparisons are presented as required or other supplementary information as appropriate to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

#### Local economy

Factors which may be important in affecting financial conditions in the future for the City include:

The City's economy is linked with that of the entire Portland Metropolitan area, but is more insulated from economic downturns because of the high education and skill level of its population. Median household incomes within the City of Tualatin are significantly higher than for the state as a whole. Based on the 2019-2023 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau, the City's median household income was \$105,073, the county's was \$104,434, while the state's was \$80,426.

Given the State of Oregon's property tax limitations and the City's low permanent tax rate for operations, smart, balanced growth is important to the economic health of the community. Because of its location in the region, Tualatin continues to be an attractive location for development as new businesses continue to come to town, and a number of existing businesses have either begun, or are planning expansion of their existing locations. These developments have a positive effect on the community and help increase the assessed property values. Not only does this account for additional property tax revenue, but it also adds jobs to the community.

Development activity has continued within the City, including recently adopted urban renewal areas, contributing to stable growth in assessed value in fiscal year 2023-24 and into 2024-2025. It is anticipated that assessed value growth will be between 3% and 4% in the following year. Additionally, one of the cities largest employers is in the early stages of a significant expansion that will not only boost its operations but also increase the assessed value, resulting in additional property tax revenue for the City. This expansion is expected to provide the city with additional funds to support vital public services and infrastructure.

The City of Tualatin continues to be an active partner with numerous regional planning efforts that will have a future impact on Tualatin and our economic growth. While the potential costs and benefits of these plans are still unknown, future projects will be modeled for their financial impacts once the planning efforts near completion.

The City's bond ratings remain strong. In April of 2023, the City received a rating of Aa1 on its General Obligation Bonds by Moody's Investor Services. This rating recognize the City's financial stability, strong and improving resident wealth and income levels, healthy reserves driven by a steady history of small annual surpluses and financial flexibility.

At the end of fiscal year 2022-2023, the City sold \$15 million in general obligation bonds under a \$25 million authorization approved by voters in November 2022. The proceeds are being used to finance capital costs related to trails, natural areas, sports fields, parks and river access within the City. It is anticipated that the remaining \$10 million under the voter approved authorization will be sold in 2026.

Another major regional planning effort is the Basalt Creek Concept Plan, adopted August 2018, which outlines a vision for future growth of 847 acres located in Washington County between the cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville. After years of planning (going back as far as 2004), the Basalt Creek Concept Plan was included in the Comprehensive Plan and a new Urban Planning Area Agreement was established between Tualatin and Washington County. Construction has now begun within the area on the development by Community Partners for Affordable Housing of a 116 unit multi-family development on a 4.66 acre site zoned High Density Residential. Additionally, construction has continued on a 62 acre site within the Basalt Creek Planning Area that is bringing 400 single family attached and detached homes into the City. Once completed, the Basalt Creek Planning Area is expected to accommodate about 1,200 new housing units and 2,300 new jobs (mostly industrial, with some service jobs and few retail jobs).

The City, along with local governments across the State, continues to pay higher costs for employee retirement costs of the State-run pension fund. The Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) sets the contribution rates biennially. Fiscal year 2023-24 was the first year of the current biennium rates. The rates for the current biennium are as follows: Tier I/II employee at 28.01%, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) general employees at 21.43% and OPSRP Police/Fire employees at 26.62%. PERS rates for the next biennium, beginning July 1, 2025, will increase to the following rates, respectively: 29.61%, 23.86%, and 29.13%. These increases have been factored into forecasts by the City. Additionally, the City funded a PERS Side Account for approximately \$1 million in 2019. To date, funding this side account has successfully reduced and is helping to stabilize the impact of future increases to the City's pension contribution rates.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Award. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This was the 33<sup>rd</sup> consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR, that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, we believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

**Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award.** The City has published a Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and submitted it to the GFOA for consideration of its Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting. At the time of publishing, the application for this award is pending review. If received, this will be the sixth year that the City published this report and achieved this prestigious award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to receive this award, a government must publish a PAFR whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal.

**Distinguished Budget Presentation Award.** The GFOA presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the City for its annual budget for the year beginning July 1, 2024. This was the 12th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communication device. This award is valid for a period of one year only. We will continue to submit future budgets to GFOA for the award.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to members of other departments who assisted with contributions of information to be included in this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the entire City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in management of the City of Tualatin's and the Tualatin Development Commission's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Don Hudson Assistant City Manager/Finance Director Matt Warner Assistant Finance Director

Warter



# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Tualatin Oregon

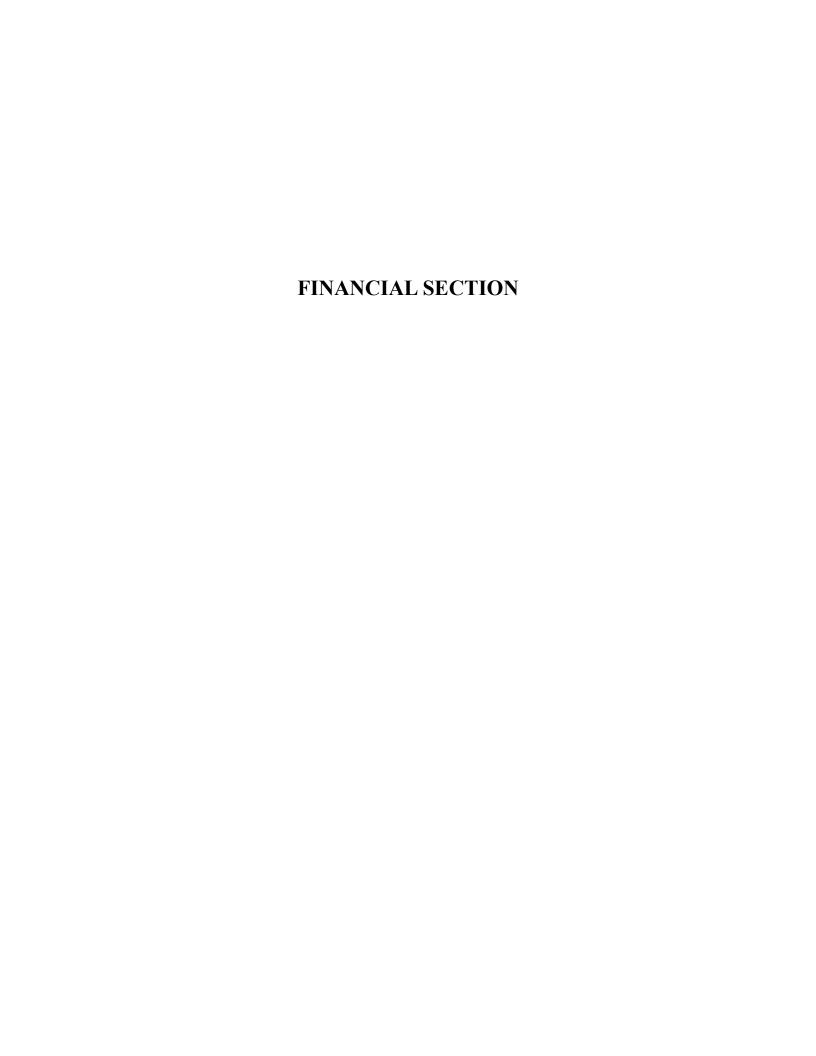
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Tualatin Tualatin, Oregon

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tualatin, Oregon as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As of July 1, 2023, the City implemented the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 100, *Accounting for Changes and Error Corrections*. As discussed in Note 11, the City reported the changes within the financial reporting entity. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon Independent Auditor's Report December 30, 2024

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon Independent Auditor's Report December 30, 2024

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 - 16 and the schedules for other postemployment benefits and net pension liabilities, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget to actual, for the General, Transportation Development Tax and American Rescue Plan funds, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, such schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon Independent Auditor's Report December 30, 2024

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2024, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

December 30, 2024

By:

Brad Bingenheimer, Partner

As management of the City of Tualatin (the City), we offer readers of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities, and resulting changes in financial position, budget variances and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the City.

We request readers to consider this information with the letter of transmittal in the Introductory Section following the Table of Contents.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled approximately \$288.5 million at June 30, 2024, and consisted of approximately \$94.4 million in cash and investments, \$177.2 million in capital assets and approximately \$16.9 million in other assets and deferred outflows of resources. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$16.3 million from the previous fiscal year.
- The City's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$80.5 million at June 30, 2024, consisting of approximately \$61.9 million in long-term obligations, \$15.0 million in accounts payable and other liabilities, and \$3.6 million in deferred inflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefit obligations.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$208.0 million at the close of fiscal year 2024. Unrestricted net position totaled \$24.3 million, with the remainder of the City's net position reported as net investment in capital assets (\$150.0 million) and restricted (\$33.7 million).
- For its governmental activities, the City generated \$10.5 million in charges for services and received \$4.0 million in operating and capital grants and contributions. Direct expenses, including interest on long-term debt for governmental activities were \$41.8 million for the year, resulting in a net expense of \$27.3 million. \$31.1 million of general revenues received and \$2.9 million of transfers in resulted in an increase in net position of \$6.7 million.
- For its business-type activities, the City generated \$20.9 million in charges for services and capital grants and contributions to fund direct expenses of \$10.9 million.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In addition to this discussion and analysis, the financial section of this annual report includes the *basic financial* statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information, including the combining statements and schedules of the nonmajor funds.

The basic financial statements also include *notes* that explain the information in the financial statements and provide additional details.

Each of these components serves an important purpose in providing information about the financial position and financial activities of the City of Tualatin.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* provide a broad overview of the City's finances, operations and general health <u>as a whole</u>. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the <u>Statement of Net Position</u>. This statement presents information on all of the City of Tualatin's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. In other words, this statement compares what the government *owns* to what it *owes* and, although there are differences and qualifiers, it is a loose parallel to what average citizens understand as "owner's equity" or "net worth".

Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other factors being equal, the extent by which assets exceed liabilities is a cushion to be called upon during stressful economic times.

Net position is comparable to owner's equity in for-profit businesses and this measure was developed to fill the void which existed before new accounting standards to measure the long-term viability of governmental units. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as the conditions of City infrastructure, in addition to the other financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the <u>Statement of Activities</u>, which presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the changes occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The obvious advantage to such an approach is to nurture a long-term perspective by emphasizing the effects of yearly budget decisions on long-term goals. Such a perspective enforces the need to use sound financial policies such as maintaining adequate reserves and paying current costs from current revenues.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*).

Governmental activities at the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation.

The business-type activities include maintenance of water, sewer and stormwater systems including pipes and lift stations. Water is purchased from the City of Portland. Clean Water Services and the City of Lake Oswego provide sewer treatment services; therefore, the City does not maintain treatment plants.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Tualatin itself (*the primary government*), but also the Urban Renewal Agency of the City, the Tualatin Development Commission (the Commission). The Commission is a <u>blended component unit</u> and, in substance is part of the City's operations, although it is a legally separate entity. Separate financial statements of the Commission can be obtained from the City of Tualatin Finance Department at 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon, 97062-7092.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated from specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements focus on the most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. The use of fund financial statements is directly related to the budgeting process because some revenues are legally earmarked for certain kinds of expenditures. Fund financial statements ensure and demonstrate compliance with governmental finance-related laws and regulations.

In addition, the <u>total amount</u> of the budgeted appropriations for expenditures is considered in terms of the revenue available to fund the expenditures and the type of expenditures competing for the same dollars. The City of Tualatin's funds can be divided into two primary categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term *inflows* and *outflows*. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements (current liabilities).

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains seventeen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for those considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the report.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities where the emphasis is placed on net position determination. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds - enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Enterprise funds account for the City's water utility, sewer utility and stormwater utility. All of the City's enterprise funds are major funds of the City, and they are reported separately in the proprietary fund financial statements in the basic financial statements.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for the costs of replacement of the City's vehicles.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of the financial statements. These notes not only provide additional detail, but also are required to fully understand the financial data as presented, as well as the financial condition of the City as a whole. The notes offer information not only to lay readers and citizens, but also those interested in a detailed study of the City's financial operations.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### **Statement of Net Position**

The following is a comparison between the June 30, 2024 and 2023 Statements of Net Position:

Table 1 - Net Position as of June 30th

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	es Business-type Activ			ctivities	Total			
	2024		2023	2024 2023			2024		2023		
Current and	 										
other assets	\$ 67,130,091	\$	73,933,667	\$	34,591,757	\$	30,244,606	\$	101,721,848	\$	104,178,273
Capital assets	 124,291,780		112,071,053		52,861,436		47,344,950		177,153,216		159,416,003
Total assets	191,421,871		186,004,720		87,453,193		77,589,556		278,875,064		263,594,276
Deferred outflows of resources	 9,058,638		8,038,560		548,452		572,399	_	9,607,090	_	8,610,959
Long-term liabilities	59,350,937		57,056,836		2,520,072		2,830,359		61,871,009		59,887,195
Other liabilities	 12,629,465		11,127,688		2,311,320		1,684,141		14,940,785		12,811,829
Total liabilities	71,980,402		68,184,524		4,831,392		4,514,500		76,811,794		72,699,024
Deferred inflows of resources	3,493,155		7,550,975		147,161		427,349	_	3,640,316	_	7,978,324
Net Position:											
Net investment in capital assets	98,289,105		91,228,899		51,757,793		45,853,126		150,046,898		137,082,025
Restricted	27,290,368		31,549,668		6,442,274		5,731,496		33,732,642		37,281,164
Unrestricted	(572,521)		(4,470,786)		24,823,025		21,635,484		24,250,504		17,164,698
Total net position	\$ 125,006,952	\$	118,307,781	\$	83,023,092	\$	73,220,106	\$	208,030,044	\$	191,527,887

The City of Tualatin's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$208.0 million as of June 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$150.0 million, (72.1%) is the City's net investment in capital assets. These assets are not a source for repaying liabilities now, or in the future, since such assets represent the "business of the City". Other resources must be used to pay for outstanding liabilities, some of which are restricted to only certain uses. This requires the City to not only acquire those capital assets necessary to provide for City services, but to retain the ability to finance these acquisitions and provide maintenance for these assets.

The \$2.5 million decrease in current and other assets is primarily a result of the investment in capital assets related to transportation and parks improvement projects funded by general obligation bonds. This is further supported by the increase in capital assets of \$17.7 million.

An additional portion of net position (\$33.7 million) is restricted as to how it may be used by budgetary, legal and external factors. The unrestricted amount of \$24.3 million (11.7% of net position) can be used to meet on-going obligations. Of the \$80.5 million of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at year-end for governmental and business-type activities, \$56.2 million are due in more than one year.

Total net position increased by \$16.5 million during the fiscal year, primarily attributable to additions of capital assets of \$25.3 million, offset by depreciation and amortization of \$7.7 million.

#### **Statement of Activities**

The following is a comparison between the June 30, 2024 and 2023 Statement of Activities:

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 10,535,537	\$ 9,243,680	\$ 16,274,947	\$ 23,840,356	\$ 26,810,484	\$ 33,084,036		
Operating grants								
and contributions	684,806	771,076	-	-	684,806	771,076		
Capital grants								
and contributions	3,321,115	2,614,776	4,652,593	533,906	7,973,708	3,148,682		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	18,186,954	15,180,240	-	-	18,186,954	15,180,240		
Franchise fees	3,030,364	2,913,434	-	-	3,030,364	2,913,434		
Public service taxes								
and revenue sharing	6,626,862	6,898,808	-	-	6,626,862	6,898,808		
Interest and miscellaneous	3,213,529	1,606,998	2,663,342	817,832	5,876,871	2,424,830		
Total revenues	45,599,167	39,229,012	23,590,882	25,192,094	69,190,049	64,421,106		
Expenses:								
General government	14,088,686	11,157,189	-	-	14,088,686	11,157,189		
Public safety	11,989,481	10,452,673	-	-	11,989,481	10,452,673		
Highways and streets	7,746,853	8,135,001	-	-	7,746,853	8,135,001		
Culture and recreation	6,902,619	6,238,210	-	-	6,902,619	6,238,210		
Interest on long-term debt	1,094,065	501,784	-	-	1,094,065	501,784		
Water Operations	-	-	6,794,294	6,305,942	6,794,294	6,305,942		
Sewer Operations	-	-	2,937,469	10,080,898	2,937,469	10,080,898		
Stormwater Operations	-	-	1,134,425	1,843,112	1,134,425	1,843,112		
Total expenses	41,821,704	36,484,857	10,866,188	18,229,952	52,687,892	54,714,809		
Change in net assets before transfers	3,777,463	2,744,155	12,724,694	6,962,142	16,502,157	9,706,297		
Transfers	2,921,708	3,625,933	(2,921,708)	(3,625,933)				
Change in net position	6,699,171	6,370,088	9,802,986	3,336,209	16,502,157	9,706,297		
Net position - beginning	118,307,781	115,029,200	73,220,106	69,883,897	191,527,887	184,913,097		
Restatement		(3,091,507)						
Net position - beginning (restated)	118,307,781	111,937,693	73,220,106	69,883,897	191,527,887	184,913,097		
Net position - ending	\$ 125,006,952	\$ 118,307,781	\$ 83,023,092	\$ 73,220,106	\$ 208,030,044	\$ 194,619,394		

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$6.7 million in fiscal year 2024, as compared to an \$6.4 million increase in the prior fiscal year. Revenue, excluding transfers, increased by \$6.4 million and expenses, excluding transfers, increased by \$5.3 million. Key elements of this change, as illustrated in Table 2 above, is primarily the result of increased interest and miscellaneous revenue, primarily investment earnings, which increased approximately \$1.6 million over the prior year. Another significant increase in the current year was an increase in property tax revenue received of \$3.0 million. This increase was the result of an increase in the bond levy amount to cover the debt service requirements of the 2023 Parks & Trail improvement bonds.

Business-Type activities net position increased by \$9.8 million in the current year, supported by increases in interest earnings and miscellaneous revenue of \$1.8 million. This is the result of maintaining larger cash balances and experiencing improved investment returns. Additionally, capital contributions increased by \$4.1 million in fiscal year 2023-24, further adding to the change in net position.

The government-wide financial statements highlight some of the most important factors about the governmental funds, particularly the General Fund. The primary revenues for governmental funds are taxes, fees and licenses, and intergovernmental revenues. The two largest sources of revenues for the City of Tualatin's General Fund are property taxes and franchise fees.

The State of Oregon does not have a sales tax and there has been a long history of its citizens opposing one. This puts great stress on property taxes, franchise fees, and other revenue in the governmental sector. Property taxes are limited several ways by State law.

- Local governments' total share of property taxes cannot exceed \$10 per thousand of taxable assessed value; for school districts, the limit is \$5 per thousand.
- In 1998, taxpayers voted for a measure which limited assessed value increases from one year to the next to the lower of a 3% increase or the market value unless additional improvements or modifications have been made to a property.
- As a result of the same property tax reform measure, each local government was assigned a permanent tax rate. The City's rate is \$2.2665 per \$1,000 assessed value.

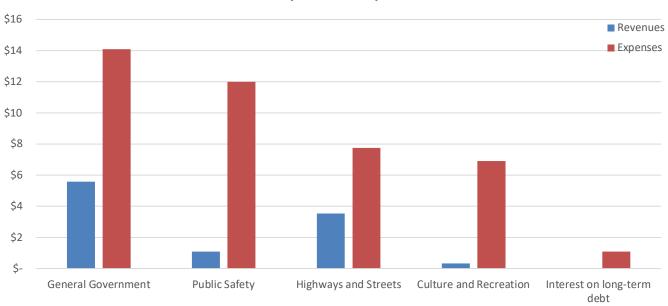
The City's permanent tax rate is relatively low in contrast to comparable cities in the State. The City has been able to maintain services by budgeting conservatively and providing quality services with lean budgets. The charts showing governmental expenses versus governmental activities demonstrate the funding challenges that Tualatin and other cities face.

Some of the important factors, which make allocation of resources difficult include:

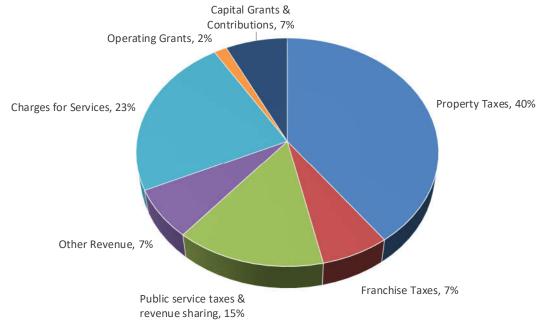
- Governmental resources are restricted in many ways: budgeting, legal and by public opinion.
- Programs funded by general resources typically result in hard choices, such as more police or a better library. Those services which are seen as most important and necessary are almost always least able or likely to assess charges for cost recovery even for direct services.

As build-out of the City occurs, it is likely to become more difficult to handle the inevitable rise in the cost of services. Regional transportation issues and the high development in the southwestern part of Washington County will continue to present challenges to the high quality of life that the citizens of Tualatin have experienced in the past. Concept plans that the City is currently working on for the area between the Cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville will be vital to the City's long-term fiscal health.

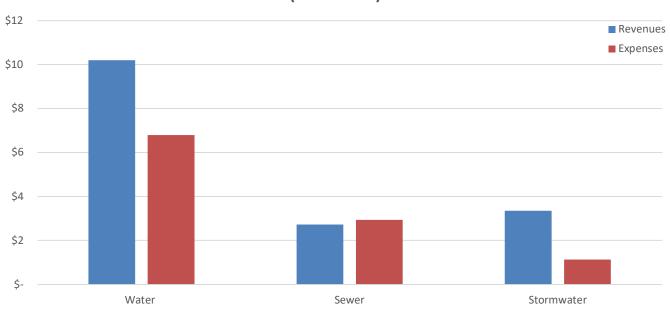
# **Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities** (in millions)



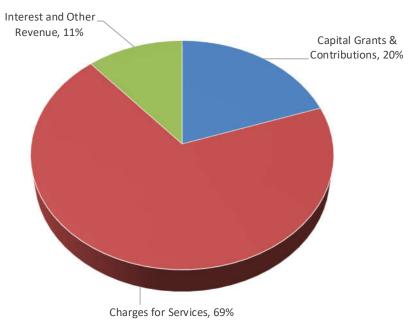
# **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**



**Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities** (in millions)



# **Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities**



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$51.0 million, a decrease of \$8.6 million when compared to the prior year. Unassigned fund balance combined with committed fund balance as of June 30, 2024, was \$18.5 million and is available for spending at the City's discretion.

#### General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2024, the total fund balance was \$16.1 million, of which \$16.0 million is considered unassigned, reflecting an increase of \$0.6 million from the prior year. As a matter of course, the City strives to have enough reserves at the end of the fiscal year to provide cash for the first five months of operations, at which time the first installment of property taxes are received. The fund balance remained relatively unchanged during the year, reflecting a balanced budget with revenues closely matching expenditures. Minor increases in specific revenue categories were offset by corresponding increases in necessary expenditures, resulting in no significant change in fund balance.

#### **Transportation Development Tax Fund**

This special revenue fund accounts for the collection and use of the Transportation Development Tax (TDT). At June 30, 2024, total fund balance was approximately \$10.6 million, reflecting a decrease of approximately \$3.2 million from the prior year. The decrease is attributable to capital outlay expenditures in the current year related to several capital improvement projects entering the construction phase and funded by the TDT.

#### **American Rescue Plan Fund**

This special revenue fund accounts for the collection and use of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF), a grant program established by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA). This grant is a fixed-amount grant and the city recorded the amount received as unearned revenue. As qualifying expenditures are incurred, revenue is recognized in an amount equal to the expenditures, resulting in no change in fund balance. At June 30, 2024, total fund balance remained unchanged from the prior year at \$22.8 thousand, with expenditures and offsetting revenue incurred in the amount of \$433,795.

#### **General Obligation Bond Fund**

The fund balance of the General Obligation Bond Fund decreased by approximately \$20 thousand from the prior year. The purpose of the fund is to accumulate enough resources during the year to cover the yearly scheduled principal and interest payments. The minimal decrease in the fund balance reflects the revenue was appropriately budgeted to maintain a stable fund balance.

#### **Parks Project Fund**

This capital project fund accounts for expenditures of bond proceeds on parks improvement projects. This was a new fund in FY23. The ending fund balance at June 30, 2024 is \$11.5 million, a decrease of \$3.2 million. The decrease reflects the nature of the fund as bond funded projects progress and incur expenditures in excess of the yearly interest revenue received.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The original appropriated budget for the general fund for fiscal year 2024 amounted to \$33.8 million, including \$4.3 million for contingencies. There were amendments to the adopted budget during the year to appropriate grant funds awarded during the year including funding for the purchase of a mobile response trailer, equipment and supplies. Additionally, personal services amendments were made for organizational changes of department staff between the Finance and Administration divisions. An increase in the personal services budget in the Engineering division was also necessary for an engineering position that was initially budgeted in the Road Operating Fund. Lastly, increases to the Information Services budget as a result of unforeseen overages related to laptop replacements for the Police Department and the badge access system.

The General Fund resources exceeded the original budgeted levels by approximately \$0.5 million due to additional interest revenue received in excess of the budgeted amount because of greater investment returns, as well as increases in franchise fees. This favorable variance in revenue, in conjunction with total expenditures (less contingency) coming in less than budget by approximately \$1.2 million resulted in a fund balance increase of \$0.4 million. Approximately \$0.7 million in budgeted personnel services went unspent due to vacancies and under filled positions.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2024, the City had invested \$177.2 million in capital assets, net of depreciation, in a range of asset types, including land, buildings, improvements and infrastructure, machinery and equipment, and the right to use leased equipment.

The following is a comparison of capital assets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

#### CITY OF TUALATIN'S NET CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024			2023
Land	\$	17,749,924	\$	17,715,671	\$	938,443	\$	938,443	\$	18,688,367	\$	18,654,114
Construction in progress		21,091,150		11,943,258		2,764,862		2,035,550		23,856,012		13,978,808
Buildings		29,146,862		29,051,360		367,755		367,755		29,514,617		29,419,115
Machinery & equipment		8,226,411		7,689,432		834,262		834,262		9,060,673		8,523,694
Right-to-use Leased equipmen	ı	134,051		116,692		-		-		134,051		116,692
Utility system		-		-		93,315,731		86,607,771		93,315,731		86,607,771
Improvement & infrastructure		167,711,603		159,643,594		-		-		167,711,603		159,643,594
Accumulated depreciation		(119,768,221)		(114,088,954)		(45,359,618)		(43,438,831)		(165,127,839)		(157,527,785)
Total net assets	\$	124,291,780	\$	112,071,053	\$	52,861,435	\$	47,344,950	\$	177,153,215	\$	159,416,003

Net capital assets increased by \$17.7 million due primarily to the continued and completed work on several capital projects funded by the Transportation Bond Program, as well as the 2023 Parks and Trail Bond Program. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. The governmental infrastructure category consists primarily of roads, signals and lighting. Capital assets in the business-type activities include water and sewer lines, lift stations and other portions of utility systems.

Additional information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **Debt Outstanding**

As of the end of the fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$27,330,000, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's long-term obligations is comprised of \$3,484,531 in notes from direct borrowings, also backed by the City's full faith and credit, and leases payable.

#### Outstanding Debt at Year-End June 30

	Governmental Activities			Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2024	2023		2024	024 2023 2024		2023	
General obligation bonds Full faith & credit refunding bonds Loans, leases, other debts	\$26,335,000 \$ - 3,545,244	\$29,485,000 - 3,965,199	\$	995,000	\$ - 1,460,000 -	\$26,335,000 995,000 3,545,244	\$29,485,000 1,460,000 3,965,199	
Total Long Term Debt	\$29,880,244	\$33,450,199	\$	995,000	\$ 1,460,000	\$30,875,244	\$34,910,199	

The City's total debt decreased by \$4.03 million (11.6%) during the current fiscal year. There was no additional debt added, other than leases during the year. The primary change in the debt outstanding at year end was the result of principal payment made during the year.

The State of Oregon mandates a general obligation debt limit of 3 percent of true market value of taxable property within City boundaries. The current debt limitation for the City is \$140,088,829, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is presented in Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

Factors affecting financial conditions in the future include:

The governmental funds' largest revenue sources are property taxes, franchise fees, fees for charges and services, and state shared revenues. The State does not have a sales tax, resulting in local government's heavy reliance on property taxes and other self-generated revenues including franchise fees, business license, etc. The State Constitution limits the annual growth of maximum assessed value to 3%, other than new development, and caps maximum property tax rates. In 2024, the City's assessed value increased by 4.0%, supported by continued development within the City. For the 2024-25 budget year, the City estimated a conservative AV growth of 3.00%.

The City continues to experience strong development activity, which will help drive increases in assessed value and property tax revenue in future years. With the City's low permanent tax rate of \$2.2665 per thousand of assessed value, though, future adjustments to maintain service levels of city services to our residents may be necessary.

The City, along with local governments across the State, continues to pay larger sums of employee retirement costs of the State-run pension fund. The Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) sets the contribution rates biannually. Fiscal year 2023-24 was the first year of the current biennium rates. The rates for the current biennium are as follows: TierI/II employee at 28.01%, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) general employees at 21.43% and OPSRP Police/Fire employees at 26.22%. PERS rates for the next biennium, beginning July 1, 2025, will increase to the following rates, respectively: 29.61%, 23.86%, and 29.13%. These increases have been factored into forecasts by

the City. Additionally, the City funded a PERS Side Account for \$1.01 million in 2019, which is helping to reduce and stabilize the impact of future increases to the City's pension contribution rates.

Business-Type Activities are funded through water, sewer, and stormwater rates and system development charges. The City has the ability to increase rates to keep pace with growing costs as well as increasing demands on the systems. The City generally increases water rates annually. Sewer and surface water management rates are set by Clean Water Services and are generally increased annually in July. The City also collects a local service fee for sewer and surface water management.

Interest rates on investments were budgeted conservatively at 4.00%.

Uncertainties about future economic changes and financial impacts are common in all cities. To deal with the swings in the economy and to plan for future capital expansion, the City routinely sets aside portions of its fund balances for contingencies and emergency situations.

#### **Requests for Information**

The City's financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability of the resources it receives and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional information, contact the Finance Department at City of Tualatin, 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, OR 97062-7092.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 58,237,523	\$ 30,685,919	\$ 88,923,442
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5,461,217	-	5,461,217
Due from other governments	1,178,145	1,263,958	2,442,103
Accounts receivable	300,623	2,250,820	2,551,443
Property taxes receivable	304,145	-	304,145
Accrued interest receivable	340,546	205,435	545,981
Lease Receivable	948,454	-	948,454
Inventories	158,799	174,022	332,821
OPEB asset	200,639	11,603	212,242
Capital assets not being depreciated:	38,841,074	3,703,306	42,544,380
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	85,450,706	49,158,130	134,608,836
TOTAL ASSETS	191,421,871	87,453,193	278,875,064
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	24,588	24,588
OPEB related	172,903	9,999	182,902
Pension related	8,885,735	513,865	9,399,600
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,058,638	548,452	9,607,090
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	5,217,178	2,271,986	7,489,164
Deposits	1,776,957	27,166	1,804,123
Retainage payable	277,343	9,272	286,615
Unearned revenue	5,300,538	· -	5,300,538
Interest Payable	57,449	2,896	60,345
Noncurrent liabilities:	,	ŕ	ŕ
Due within one year	5,065,679	562,446	5,628,125
Due in more than one year	54,285,258	1,957,626	56,242,884
TOTAL LIABILITIES	71,980,402	4,831,392	76,811,794
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	2 264 216	126 720	2 501 046
OPEB related	2,364,316	136,730	2,501,046
Leases related	180,385	10,431	190,816
Leases related	948,454		948,454
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,493,155	147,161	3,640,316
NET POSITION	20.200.40.		4.50.045.000
Net investment in capital assets	98,289,105	51,757,793	150,046,898
Restricted for:			
Building and engineering	709,446	-	709,446
Street and roadside maintenance	3,756,769	-	3,756,769
Debt service payments	192,256	-	192,256
Capital projects	15,343,103	6,430,671	21,773,774
Urban renewal projects	1,596,938	-	1,596,938
Community education	30,000	-	30,000
OPEB	200,639	11,603	212,242
Other purposes	5,461,217	-	5,461,217
Unrestricted	(572,521)	24,823,025	24,250,504
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 125,006,952	\$ 83,023,092	\$ 208,030,044

			Program Reven	iues	Net Expense Revenue and Change in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
General government	\$ 14,088,686	\$ 5,583,433	\$ 509,949	\$ 2,196,157	\$ (5,799,147)	\$ -	\$ (5,799,147)	
Public safety	11,989,481	1,091,019	86,725	-	(10,811,737)	-	(10,811,737)	
Highways and streets	7,746,853	3,536,308	-	_	(4,210,545)	_	(4,210,545)	
Culture and recreation	6,902,619	324,777	88,132	1,124,958	(5,364,752)	_	(5,364,752)	
Interest on long-term debt	1,094,065				(1,094,065)		(1,094,065)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	41,821,704	10,535,537	684,806	3,321,115	(27,280,246)		(27,280,246)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Water Operations	6,794,294	10,195,377	-	1,297,571	-	4,698,654	4,698,654	
Sewer Operations	2,937,469	2,725,591	-	1,292,433	-	1,080,555	1,080,555	
Stormwater Operations	1,134,425	3,353,979		2,062,589		4,282,143	4,282,143	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	10,866,188	16,274,947		4,652,593		10,061,352	10,061,352	
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 52,687,892	\$ 26,810,484	\$ 684,806	\$ 7,973,708	(27,280,246)	10,061,352	(17,218,894)	
	GENERAL REV	ENUES:						
	Property taxes				18,186,954	_	18,186,954	
	Franchise taxe	S			3,030,364	_	3,030,364	
	Public service	taxes and revenue	sharing		6,626,862	_	6,626,862	
	Interest and in	vestment earnings	C		2,959,543	1,372,115	4,331,658	
	Miscellaneous	revenues			253,986	1,291,227	1,545,213	
	TRANSFERS				2,921,708	(2,921,708)		
	TOTAL GEN	ERAL REVENUE	S AND TRANSF	ERS	33,979,417	(258,366)	33,721,051	
	CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION			6,699,171	9,802,986	16,502,157	
	NET POSITION	- beginning			118,307,781	73,220,106	191,527,887	
	NET POSITION	- ending			\$ 125,006,952	\$ 83,023,092	\$ 208,030,044	

	Ge	eneral Fund	D	ansportation Development Tax Fund		American Rescue Plan Fund		ral Obligation ond Fund	Park	s Project Fund	G	Other overnmental	(	Total Governmental
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$	18,248,858	\$	11,294,060	\$	-	\$	166,508	\$	12,785,411	\$	13,496,866	\$	55,991,703
Due from other governments		922,104		-		-		11,000		-		227,339		1,160,443
Accounts receivable Property taxes receivable		54,351 218,061		-		-		71,861		-		246,272 14,223		300,623 304,145
Accrued interest receivable		161,357		77,270		-		1,130		_		85,549		325,306
Lease Receivable		948,454				-		-		-		-		948,454
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		82,535		82,535
Inventories		103,262		-				-		-		55,537		158,799
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		30,000	_	11 271 220	_	5,431,217		250 400	_	10.705.411	_	- 14 200 221		5,461,217
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,686,447	\$	11,371,330	\$	5,431,217	\$	250,499	\$	12,785,411	\$	14,208,321	\$	64,733,225
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	1,649,810	\$	768,414	\$	109,727	\$	-	\$	1,189,796	\$	1,412,602	\$	5,130,349
Deposits		1,722,778		-		-		-		-		54,179		1,776,957
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		82,535		82,535
Retainage payable		47,903		848				-		92,898		135,694		277,343
Unearned revenue		1,887			_	5,298,651								5,300,538
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,422,378		769,262		5,408,378				1,282,694		1,685,010		12,567,722
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:														
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue		182,105		_		-		58,243		-		11,008		251,356
Unavailable revenue - leases		948,454												948,454
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	3	1,130,559						58,243		_		11,008		1,199,810
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:														
Inventory		103,262		_		_		_		_		55,537		158,799
Restricted for:		103,202										22,237		150,777
Building and engineering		-		-		-		-		-		709,446		709,446
Street and roadside maintenance		-		-		-		-		-		3,756,769		3,756,769
Debt service payments		-		-		-		192,256						192,256
Capital projects		-		10,602,068		-		-		11,502,717		3,884,525 1,596,938		25,989,310
Urban renewal projects Community education		30,000		-		-		-		-		1,390,938		1,596,938 30,000
Committed to:		30,000												30,000
ARPA		-				22,839		-				-		22,839
Pavement maintenance and street lighting		-		-		-		-		-		1,192,021		1,192,021
Parking maintenance		-		-		-		-		-		294,661		294,661
Parks capital and maintenance Assigned to:		-						-				970,923		970,923
Scholarships		_		_		_		_		_		51,483		51,483
Unassigned:		16,000,248		-		-		-		-				16,000,248
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		16,133,510		10,602,068		22,839		192,256		11,502,717		12,512,303		50,965,693
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						, and the second								
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	20,686,447	\$	11,371,330	\$	5,431,217	\$	250,499	\$	12,785,411	\$	14,208,321		
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are	differe	nt because:												
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, improvement														
as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statem Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cu								ty as a whole.						122,637,436
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	шеш-р	erioù expenditu	res ai	id, illerefore, a	re d	ererred in the runds					\$	8,885,735		
Deferred outflows of resources - other postemp	plovme	nt benefit obliga	tions	;							Ψ	172,903		9.058.638
Internal service funds are used by management to cha					+- i-	dividual famila. Th		and liabilities				- 1 - 1,2 - 2		-,,
of the internal service fund are included in government						idividuai iunds. Tii	e assets	and nabilities						3,846,277
				r										-,,
Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including	ng accru	ed liabilities an	d boı	nds payable are	not	due and payable in	the curr	ent period						
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:												251.256		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes												251,356		
Accrued compensated absences Accrued interest												(1,196,415) (57,449)		
Net pension liability												(23,475,291)		
Leases Payable												(60,713)		
Net other postemployment obligation												(742,506)		
Arbitrage rebate liability												(332,011)		
Long-term bonded debt obligations												(29,819,531)		
Bond premium												(3,523,831)		
Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - other post emp	lovmer	t obligation										(2,364,316) (180,385)		(61,501,092)
Deferred minows of resources - other post emp	ymei	congation										(100,303)		(01,501,072)
Net position of governmental activities													\$	125,006,952
														· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	General Fund	Transportation Development Tax Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	General Obligation Bond Fund	Parks Project Fund	Formerly Major Fund  Transportation Project Fund	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES					-			
Property taxes	\$ 12,228,461	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,614,304	\$ -		\$ 1,299,932	\$ 18,142,697
Franchise fees	3,030,364	-	-	-	-		-	3,030,364
Charges for service	272,490	-	-	-	-		615,189	887,679
Licenses and permits	416,312	-		-	-		799,846	1,216,158
Intergovernmental	5,324,473	-	433,795	643	-		2,760,616	8,519,527
Fines and forfeitures	681,139		-	-	-		<del>-</del>	681,139
Fees and charges	106,001	1,617,871	-				5,047,934	6,771,806
Interest	1,121,553	613,016	-	88,758	726,331		617,110	3,166,768
Miscellaneous	322,887						11,607	334,494
TOTAL REVENUES	23,503,680	2,230,887	433,795	4,703,705	726,331		11,152,234	42,750,632
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government	10,049,384	_	_	_	_		49,614	10,098,998
Public safety	9,875,587	_	_	_	_		1,416,738	11,292,325
Highways and streets	1,008,056	_	_	_	_		3,468,573	4,476,629
Culture and recreation	5,602,359	_	_	_	87,855		1,300	5,691,514
Capital outlay	1,774,314	5,093,933	363,465	_	3,710,861		7,077,119	18,019,692
Debt service:	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,	,		-,,,		,,,	,,
Principal	_	_	_	3,150,000	_		_	3,150,000
Interest				1,573,249				1,573,249
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	28,309,700	5,093,933	363,465	4,723,249	3,798,716		12,013,344	54,302,407
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,806,020)	(2,863,046)	70,330	(19,544)	(3,072,385)		(861,110)	(11,551,775)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	5,480,690	_	_	_	_		1,065,216	6,545,906
Transfers out	(59,949)	(299,075)	(70,330)	_	(124,270)		(3,070,574)	(3,624,198)
Leases (as lessee)	24,638	(=,-,-)	(, ,,,,,,,	_	(,-,-,-)		-	24,638
Sale of general capital assets	729							729
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	5,446,108	(299,075)	(70,330)		(124,270)		(2,005,358)	2,947,075
SOURCES (USES)	3,440,108	(299,073)	(70,550)	·	(124,270)		(2,003,338)	2,947,073
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	640,088	(3,162,121)	-	(19,544)	(3,196,655)	-	(2,866,468)	(8,604,700)
FUND BALANCES - beginning, as previously reported	15,493,422	13,764,189	22,839	-	14,699,372	3,438,997	12,151,574	59,570,393
Change within financial reporting entity		-	-			(2.420.005)	2 420 007	
(major to nonmajor fund)	-			211.000	-	(3,438,997)		-
(nonmajor to major fund)				211,800			(211,800)	
FUND BALANCES - beginning	15,493,422	13,764,189	22,839	211,800	14,699,372	-	15,378,771	59,570,393
FUND BALANCES - ending	\$ 16,133,510	\$ 10,602,068	\$ 22,839	\$ 192,256	\$ 11,502,717	\$ -	\$ 12,512,303	\$ 50,965,693

## CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported	l in the	statement	of activities	are different	because:
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Net change in fund balances		\$ (8,604,700)
The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	(5 499 (11))	
Depreciation Capital asset additions	\$ (5,488,611) 15,184,866	9,696,255
Some revenue reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources in the governmental funds.		2,240,414
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest expense Pension expense Net other postemployment benefit obligations	\$ 16,939 (772,206) 24,452	(730,815)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of vehicle replacement to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		647,466
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.		3,450,551
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,699,171

	Bus	Governmental Activities			
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Stormwater Operations	Total	Vehicle Replacement Fund
ASSETS					-
Current Assets:					
1	\$ 238,702	\$ 129,757	\$ 177,173	\$ 545,632	\$ 43,209
Investments Accounts receivables, net	13,159,838 930,277	7,064,482 966,680	9,915,967 353,863	30,140,287 2,250,820	2,202,611
Intergovernmental receivable	-	1,258,548	5,410	1,263,958	17,702
Accrued interest receivable	88,386	49,315	67,734	205,435	15,240
Inventories	171,671	2,351		174,022	
Total current assets	14,588,874	9,471,133	10,520,147	34,580,154	2,278,762
Noncurrent Assets:					
Net other post employment benefit asset	7,294	4,309	-	11,603	-
Capital assets not being depreciated:	2,321,323	1,373,092	8,891	3,703,306	6,116
Capital assets, net of accumulated deprecation	29,021,633	14,155,213	5,981,284	49,158,130	1,648,228
Total noncurrent assets	31,350,250	15,532,614	5,990,175	52,873,039	1,654,344
TOTAL ASSETS	45,939,124	25,003,747	16,510,322	87,453,193	3,933,106
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	24,588	_	_	24,588	_
OPEB related	6,285	3,714	_	9,999	-
Pension related	323,014	190,851		513,865	_
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	353,887	194,565		548,452	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	458,737	1,526,180	230,055	2,214,972	86,829
Accrued liabilities	32,834	24,180	-	57,014	-
Compensated absences	48,663	23,783	-	72,446	-
Retainage payable	- 27.166	9,272	-	9,272	-
Deposits payable Accrued interest payable	27,166 2,896	-	-	27,166 2,896	-
Bonds payable - due within one year	490,000	-	_	490,000	-
Total current liabilities	1,060,296	1,583,415	230,055	2,873,766	86,829
Noncurrent Liabilities:	545 400			545 400	
Bonds payable Net OPEB liability	545,499 34,285	20,257	-	545,499 54,542	-
Net Of EB hability  Net pension liability	853,374	504,211	_	1,357,585	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,433,158	524,468		1,957,626	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,493,454	2,107,883	230,055	4,831,392	86,829
DEFENDED INCLOUSE OF DECOMPOSES					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related	85,948	50,782	_	136,730	
OPEB related	6,557	3,874	<u>-</u>	10,431	-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	92,505	54,656		147,161	_
	,				
NET POSITION  Not investment in conital accets	20.260.600	15 507 076	5 000 117	51 757 702	1 567 515
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	30,260,600	15,507,076	5,990,117	51,757,793	1,567,515
Capital improvements	2,006,914	3,840,965	582,792	6,430,671	_
OPEB asset and restricted assets	7,294	4,309	-	11,603	-
		3,683,423	9,707,358	24,823,025	2,278,762
Unrestricted	11,432,244	3,083,423	9,707,338	27,023,023	2,270,702

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bus	siness-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fu	ınds	Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Stormwater Operations	Total	Vehicle Replacement Fund
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for service	\$ 9,016,397	\$ 2,675,023	\$ 3,078,263	\$ 14,769,683	\$ 814,555
Fines and forfeitures Fees and charges	1,178,980	50,568	23,783 251,933	23,783 1,481,481	-
Miscellaneous	6,392	1,284,835		1,291,227	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	10,201,769	4,010,426	3,353,979	17,566,174	814,555
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	775,982	588,481	-	1,364,463	-
Materials and services	4,814,921	1,763,521	906,945	7,485,387	4,303
Depreciation	1,107,840	585,467	227,480	1,920,787	287,634
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	6,698,743	2,937,469	1,134,425	10,770,637	291,937
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	3,503,026	1,072,957	2,219,554	6,795,537	522,618
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	615,294	337,603	419,218	1,372,115	98,149
Interest expense	(95,551)	-	-	(95,551)	-
Sale of general capital assets				<u> </u>	26,701
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE)	519,743	337,603	419,218	1,276,564	124,850
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS					
AND TRANSFERS	4,022,769	1,410,560	2,638,772	8,072,101	647,468
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	1,297,571	1,292,433	2,062,589	4,652,593	-
TRANSFERS	(917,504)	(899,422)	(1,104,782)	(2,921,708)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,402,836	1,803,571	3,596,579	9,802,986	647,468
NET POSITION - beginning	39,304,216	21,232,202	12,683,688	73,220,106	3,198,809
NET POSITION - ending	\$ 43,707,052	\$ 23,035,773	\$ 16,280,267	\$ 83,023,092	\$ 3,846,277

	Bı	usiness-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fur	nds	Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Stormwater Operations	Total	Vehicle Replacement Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash received from customers  Cash paid to employees and others for salaries/benefits  Cash paid to suppliers and others	\$ 10,232,335 (868,637) (5,118,249)	\$ 3,050,962 (577,363) (988,030)	\$ 3,349,322 - (801,590)	\$ 16,632,619 (1,446,000) (6,907,869)	\$ 816,853 - 82,526
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	4,245,449	1,485,569	2,547,732	8,278,750	899,379
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED FOR) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in (out)	(917,504)	(899,422)	(1,104,782)	(2,921,708)	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(917,504)	(899,422)	(1,104,782)	(2,921,708)	
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from the sale of assets Debt principal payments Interest paid	(2,641,930) - (505,500) (72,514)	(142,692)	(58)	(2,784,680) - (505,500) (72,514)	(619,743) 26,701
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(3,219,944)	(142,692)	(58)	(3,362,694)	(593,042)
CACH ELOWGEDOM INVESTING A CENTETES	·				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Interest received	(11,467,018) 11,351,721 242,147	(6,539,503) 6,093,864 129,990	(10,004,200) 8,553,518 182,458	(28,010,721) 25,999,103 554,595	(2,204,232) 1,900,014 40,530
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	126,850	(315,649)	(1,268,224)	(1,457,023)	(263,688)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	234,851	127,806	174,668	537,325	42,649
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - beginning	3,851	1,951	2,505	8,307	560
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ending	\$ 238,702	\$ 129,757	\$ 177,173	\$ 545,632	\$ 43,209
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ 3,503,026	\$ 1,072,957	\$ 2,219,554	\$ 6,795,537	\$ 522,618
Depreciation of capital assets Change in assets and liabilities:	1,107,840	585,467	227,480	1,920,787	287,634
Accounts receivable Inventories	29,911 (50,992)	(959,464) 436	(4,657)	(934,210) (50,556)	2,298
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deposits	(252,336) 655	775,055	105,355	628,074 655	86,829
Pension System Accrued compensated absences	(84,235) (2,157)	11,434 457	-	(72,801) (1,700)	-
Other post employment benefits payable	(6,263)	(773)	<u> </u>	(7,036)	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 4,245,449	\$ 1,485,569	\$ 2,547,732	\$ 8,278,750	\$ 899,379
NON-CASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Contributions of capital assets	\$ 1,297,571	\$ 1,292,433	\$ 2,062,589	\$ 4,652,593	\$ -
Total non-cash capital financing activities	\$ 1,297,571	\$ 1,292,433	\$ 2,062,589	\$ 4,652,593	\$ -

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (the City) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member governing council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government.

**Blended Component Unit.** The Tualatin Development Commission (Commission) was formed to plan, direct, and manage the redevelopment of targeted areas of the City through tax increment financing. Pursuant to ORS 457.055, the City Council has been appointed governing body of the Commission and the City has operational responsibility for the activities of Commission. The Commission's funds are reported as governmental fund types.

Separately issued financial statements are available for the Commission. These reports may be obtained from the Finance Department of the City, 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon 97062.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City and its blended component unit. These statements include all the financial activities of the City. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities; however, in the government-wide Statement of Activities, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities are financed through charges for services, property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental and business-type activities, including its blended component unit. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. *Program revenues* include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not attributable to a specific program are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary or fiduciary are presented. Currently, the City has only governmental and proprietary type funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

#### • General Fund

This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the City, except those accounted for in another fund.

## • Transportation Development Tax Fund

This fund accounts for the expenditures of transportation capital improvements designed to accommodate growth. The primary source of revenue is from one-time charges on development within Washington and Clackamas counties.

#### • American Rescue Plan Fund

This fund accounts for funds received from the US Department of Treasury through the American Rescue Plan Act, Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery funds.

## • General Obligation Bond Fund

The General Obligation Bond Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Resources are provided by property taxes.

# • Parks Project Fund

This fund accounts for the proceeds of the city's Parks Improvement Bond to finance projects throughout the city's Parks system.

The City reports each of its three proprietary funds as major funds:

## • Water Operations

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of water service and distribution facilities.

#### • Sewer Operations

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer service and collection system.

## • Stormwater Operations

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's surface water system.

The City also reports the following fund types:

## • Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenues and expenditures related to those required to be accounted for in another fund.

- Debt Service Funds
  - These funds account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of tax increment bond principal and interest.
- Capital Projects Funds

  These funds account for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.
- *Internal Service Funds*This fund accounts for the acquisition and replacement of City's motor vehicle pool.

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Unavailable revenue arises in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to financial operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus,

the deferred inflow created on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet for unavailable revenue is eliminated. Note that unavailable revenues also arise outside the scope of measurement focus and bases of accounting, such as when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. For instance, when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the City's Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overheads, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### D. Cash and Investments

Cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments consist of funds held in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), U.S. Government obligations and corporate bonds. Investments in the LGIP are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. The individual funds' and blended component unit's portion of the pool's fair value are presented as "Cash and Investments" in the basic financial statements.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any public funds. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board which is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments

in markets that are not active; and model derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### E. Receivables

Uncollected property taxes receivable collected within sixty days following year end are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenues. All other uncollected property taxes receivable are offset by deferred revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property as of July 1 each year and are payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Assessments receivable are recognized at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. Assessments receivable expected to be collected within sixty days following year end and are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenue. All other assessments receivable are offset by unavailable revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Receivables for grants and state shared revenues, included in accounts receivable are recorded as revenues in governmental fund types as earned. Receivables of the proprietary fund types are recorded as revenues as earned, including services earned but not billed.

#### F. Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are recognized at the net present value of the leased assets at a borrowing rate either explicitly described in the agreement or implicitly determined by the City, reduced by principal payments.

#### G. Inventories

Inventories for governmental fund types are stated at cost (average cost basis) and are charged to expenditures as they are used. Inventories in the enterprise funds are stated at the lower of cost (average cost basis) or market value and are charged to expenses as they are used, consistent with the consumption method.

## H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, street lights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements	10-50
Infrastructure	20-50
Right-to-use leased equipment	4-10
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-10
Utility Systems	25-50

Monthly depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

#### I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resource

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### K. Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)

<u>OPERS - Retirement Health Insurance Account.</u> For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPERS and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, OPERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>City of Tualatin – Implicit Subsidy Plan.</u> For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the City has relied on actuarial reports. The City allows retired employees to purchase health insurance at the same rates as active employees. The related expense is recognized as the City pays premiums or when claims are paid to health providers.

## L. Compensated Absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compenstated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences include the general fund, building fund, road operating fund, water operating fund, and sewer operating fund.

#### M. Leases

Lessee: The City is a lessee for various noncancellable leases of equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intagible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
  charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing
  rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position

Lessor: The City is a lessor for two noncancellable leases of cellular communications tower. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

#### N. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of related debt. Net investment in capital assets does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the City (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments) and includes unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets. The nonexpendable portion of permanent funds is reported as a component of restricted net position. The City's other restricted net position is temporarily restricted (ultimately expendable) assets. All other net position is considered unrestricted.

#### O. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Non-Spendable – Includes amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

**Restricted** – Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.

**Committed** – Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

**Assigned** – Includes amounts assigned for specific purposed by council action who authorizes, by resolution, the City Manager or Finance Director to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.

**Unassigned** – This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category in the General Fund. Deficit fund balance in other governmental funds are also presented as unassigned.

Use of restricted resources, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

# P. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted requires that management make estimates and assumptions which affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimated.

#### 2. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a common cash and investment pool for all City funds. The types of investments in which the City may invest are restricted by State of Oregon statutes and a Council adopted investment policy. Authorized investments include U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency obligations, commercial paper, corporate bonds, the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, obligations of certain states and municipalities, bankers' acceptances, time deposits, certificates of deposits, and savings accounts.

At June 30, 2024, the City's cash and investments consist of the following:

					Weighted				
Fair Value Measurement									
	N/A	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Maturity				
Cash on hand	\$ 1,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,325	-				
Deposits with financial institutions	539,343	-	-	539,343	-				
Investments:									
Oregon State Treasurer's Local									
Government Investment Pool	14,440,481	-	-	14,440,481	-				
U.S. Treasury	-	43,636,322	-	43,636,322	1.73				
U.S. Agencies	-	-	19,034,121	19,034,121	2.49				
Corporate Bonds	-	-	10,907,356	10,907,356	2.85				
Municipal Bonds	-		5,825,711	5,825,711	2.90				
Total pooled cash and									
investments	\$ 14,981,149	\$ 43,636,322	\$ 35,767,188	\$ 94,384,659	1.81				

#### A. Interest rate risk

As a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates and to allow investment maturities to coincide with projected needs, the City's investment policy does not allow direct investment in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase. Investment maturity guidelines and actual maturities for the City's investments are as follows:

	Minimum	
	Maturity	Actual at
Maturity	Guide line	June 30, 2024
Less than 30 days	10%	18%
Less than 1 year	25%	44%
Less than 5 years	100%	100%

#### B. Credit risk

State statutes authorize the City of Tualatin to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and the State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations, but is not regulated by other laws, organizations or regulations. The reported value of the Pool is the same as the fair value of Pool shares. Investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is unrated. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from the pool.

The City's investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	U.	U.S. and S. Agency bligations	N	Municipal Bonds	(	Corporate Bonds	Total
Rating by Standard & Poor's							
AAA	\$	-	\$	948,670	\$	-	\$ 948,670
AA+		51,692,682		-		1,039,540	52,732,222
AA		-		908,120		2,736,606	3,644,726
AA-		-		3,968,921		1,699,493	5,668,414
$\mathbf{A}^{+}$		-		-		1,530,983	1,530,983
A		-		-		1,925,522	1,925,522
A-		-		-		1,975,212	1,975,212
A-1+		10,977,762		-		-	10,977,762
	\$	62,670,444	\$	5,825,711	\$	10,907,356	\$ 79,403,511

#### C. Concentration of credit risk

All investments of the City shall be made in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes: ORS 294.035 (Investment of surplus finds of political subdivisions; approved investments), ORS 294.040 (Restriction on investments under ORS 294.035), ORS 294.135 (Investment maturity dates), ORS 294.145 (Prohibited conduct for custodial officer), ORS 294.805 to 294.895 (Local Government Investment Pool). Any revisions or extensions of these sections of the ORS shall be assumed to be part of this investment policy immediately upon being enacted.

#### D. Custodial credit risk – deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2024 the City has \$250,000 in deposits not exposed to custodial credit risk, as they are covered by FDIC insurance and the balance is covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (ORS 295.015) administered by the Oregon State Treasury.

#### 3. Property Taxes and Assessments Receivable

Property taxes receivable, which have been collected within sixty days subsequent to year end, are considered measurable and available and are therefore recognized as revenue.

All other property taxes receivable are offset by deferred inflows and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Real and personal property taxes are levied as of July 1 of each fiscal year on values assessed as of that date. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on both real and personal property as of July 1 and are due and payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15. All property taxes are billed and collected by Clackamas and Washington Counties and remitted to the City.

and are due and payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15. All property taxes are billed and collected by Clackamas and Washington Counties and remitted to the City.

Assessments receivable are amounts billed to property owners upon completion of the benefiting project.

Uncollected taxes and assessments are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

# 4. Lease Receivables

		Original		Outstanding			Б		Outstanding		
<u> </u>		Amount	June	30, 2023	Additio	ns		ecrease	June 30, 2024		
Governmental Activities:											
Cell tower lease, interest at 1.78%, principal	l										
and interest of \$2,575 monthly, due 2040											
	\$	643,916	\$	602,052	\$	-	\$	22,575	\$	579,477	
Cell tower lease, interest at 4.25%, principal	l										
and interest of \$2,598 monthly, due 2035		418,355		383,337				14,360		368,977	
<u>-</u>	\$	1,062,271	\$	985,389	\$		\$	36,935	\$	948,454	
E											

Future maturities are as follows:

	Government	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal									
Year	Principal	Interest							
2025	\$ 44,011	\$ 25,420							
2026	47,785	24,084							
2027	51,773	22,619							
2028	55,988	21,019							
2029-33	351,938	75,726							
2034-38	307,526	21,955							
2039-40	89,433	1,477							
	\$ 948,454	\$ 192,300							

Deferred inflow of resources mirror the principal payment maturities described above.

# 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 17,715,671	\$ 34,253	\$ -	\$ 17,749,924
Construction in progress	11,943,258	17,351,050	8,203,158	21,091,150
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	29,658,929	17,385,303	8,203,158	38,841,074
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Improvements & infrastructure	159,643,594	8,068,009	_	167,711,603
Buildings	29,051,360	95,502	-	29,146,862
Machinery & equipment	7,689,432	630,471	93,492	8,226,411
Right-to-use leased equipment	116,692	24,638	7,279	134,051
Total capital assets, being depreciated	196,501,078	8,818,620	100,771	205,218,927
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements & infrastructure	(96,991,914)	(4,252,730)	_	(101,244,644)
Buildings	(12,308,144)	(904,973)	_	(13,213,117)
Machinery & equipment	(4,743,307)	(586,230)	(93,492)	(5,236,045)
Right-to-use leased equipment	(45,589)	(32,484)	(3,658)	(74,415)
Total accumulated depreciation	(114,088,954)	(5,776,417)	(97,150)	(119,768,221)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	82,412,124	3,042,203	3,621	85,450,706
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$112,071,053	\$20,427,506	\$ 8,206,779	\$ 124,291,780

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 1,274,654
Public safety	267,650
Highways and streets	3,183,059
Culture and recreation	1,051,054
Total depreciation/amortization	
expense - governmental activities	\$ 5,776,417

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 938,443	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 938,443
Construction in progress	2,035,550	3,777,992	3,048,679	2,764,863
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,973,993	3,777,992	3,048,679	3,703,306
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Improvements & infrastructure	86,607,771	6,707,960	-	93,315,731
Buildings	367,755	-	-	367,755
Machinery & equipment	834,262			834,262
Total capital assets, being depreciated	87,809,788	6,707,960		94,517,748
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements & infrastructure	(42,323,941)	(1,898,325)	-	(44,222,266)
Buildings	(357,323)	(1,693)	-	(359,016)
Machinery & equipment	(757,567)	(20,769)		(778,336)
Total accumulated depreciation	(43,438,831)	(1,920,787)		(45,359,618)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	44,370,957	4,787,173		49,158,130
Total business-type activities capital assets	\$ 47,344,950	\$ 8,565,165	\$ 3,048,679	\$ 52,861,436

## Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 1,107,840
Sewer	585,467
Stormwater	227,480
Total depreciation/amortization	_
expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,920,787

## 6. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

## A. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as the debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Transfer In		Tra	ansfer Out
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	5,480,690	\$	59,949
Transportation Development Tax Fund		-		299,075
American Rescue Plan Fund		-		70,330
Parks Project Fund				124,270
Total Major Governmental Funds		5,480,690		553,624
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		1,065,216		3,070,574
Proprietary Funds				
Water Operations		368,886		1,286,390
Sewer Operations		192,030		1,091,452
Stormwater Operations				1,104,782
Total Proprietary Funds		560,916		3,482,624
Total Government Wide	\$	7,106,822	\$	7,106,822

During the year ended June 30, 2024, transfers were recorded as follows:

- (1) \$5,480,690 transfer into the General Fund for funding of internal services from Nonmajor Governmental funds (\$2,106,400), Transportation Development Tax Fund (\$250,060), American Rescue Plan Fund (\$70,330), Parks Project Fund (\$124,270), Water Operations (\$1,245,750), Sewer Operations (\$953,150) and Stormwater Operations (\$730,730).
- (2) \$368,886 transfer into the Water Operations Fund for funding of debt service payments from the General Fund (\$59,950), Nonmajor Governmental (\$156,362), Sewer Operations Fund (\$89,887) and Stormwater Fund (\$62,687).
- (3) \$155,195 transfer into the Nonmajor governmental funds for funding of fee collection expenses from Transportation Development Tax Fund (\$49,015), Water Operations Fund (\$40,640), Sewer Operations Fund (\$48,415) and Stormwater Operations Fund (\$17,125).
- (4) \$102,210 transfer into the Nonmajor governmental funds for stormwater maintenance from the Stormwater Operations Fund.
- (5) \$192,030 transfer into the Sewer Operations Fund for stormwater maintenance from the Stormwater Operations Fund.

# 7. Long Term Debt Obligations

In the following paragraphs, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The following table presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue. For the governmental activities, claims, judgments, compensated absences, net pension obligations and other postemployment benefit obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund. As compensated absences are due and payable on demand, they are considered due within one year.

		Beginning					Ending		Due
	ba	lance as of				ba	lance as of		within
	J	uly 1, 2023	A	dditions	Reductions	June 30, 2024			one year
Governmental activities:									
General Obligation bonds									
Series 2018, Transportation & Refunding,									
interest at 3.00-5.00%, original issue of									
\$23,750,000, due 2028	\$	14,485,000	\$	-	\$ (2,440,000)	\$	12,045,000	\$	2,645,000
Series 2023, Parks Improvements,									
interest at 5.00%, original issue of									
\$15,000,000, due 2043		15,000,000		-	(710,000)		14,290,000		905,000
Notes from direct borrowings									
Series 2013, Operations Warehouse,									
interest at 3.0%, original issue of									
\$1,100,000, due 2024		124,210		_	(124,210)		_		_
Series 2020, City Services Building,					, ,				
interest at 1.78%, original issue of									
\$4,600,000, due 2035		3,769,043		=	(284,512)		3,484,531		289,577
Plus: Bond issuance premium		3,987,970			(464,139)		3,523,831		_
Long-term bonded debt obligations		37,366,223		_	(4,022,861)		33,343,362		3,839,577
Leases		71,946		24,638	(35,871)		60,713		29,687
Compensated absences		948,675		1,403,821	(1,156,081)		1,196,415		1,196,415
Arbitrage rebate		-		332,011	-		332,011		-
Other postemployment benefits		929,480		13,665	_		943,145		_
Net pension liability		17,740,512		5,734,779	-		23,475,291		-
Total governmental activities	\$	57,056,836	\$ '	7,508,914	\$ (5,214,813)	\$	59,350,937	\$	5,065,679
Business-type activities:									
Full Faith and Credit Obligations									
Series 2014, Full Faith and Credit Refundin	ıg,								
interest at 2.0-4.0%, original issue of	¢.	1 460 000	¢.		¢ (465,000)	ď	005 000	¢.	400,000
\$4,300,000, due 2025	\$	1,460,000	\$	-	\$ (465,000)	\$	995,000	\$	490,000
Plus: Bond issuance premium		80,999			(40,500)		40,499		
Long-term bonded debt obligations		1,540,999		-	(505,500)		1,035,499		490,000
Compensated absences		74,146		86,785	(88,485)		72,446		72,446
Other postemployment benefits		60,499		-	(5,957)		54,542		-
Net pension liability		1,154,715		202,870	-		1,357,585		-
Total business-type activities	\$	2,830,359	\$	289,655	\$ (599,942)	\$	2,520,072	\$	562,446

Future Principal and Interest. Future maturities of bond principal and interest at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-type Activities			Total			
Year	Principal		Interest	P	Principal	I:	nterest	Principal		Interest	
2025	\$ 3,839,577	\$	1,378,775	\$	490,000	\$	24,950	\$	4,329,577	\$	1,403,725
2026	4,299,731		1,196,120		505,000		7,575		4,804,731		1,203,695
2027	3,424,977		990,624		-		-		3,424,977		990,624
2028	3,695,317		829,034		-		-		3,695,317		829,034
2029	675,752		654,100		-		-		675,752		654,100
2030-2034	4,248,725		2,861,782		-		-		4,248,725		2,861,782
2035-2039	4,620,452		1,939,899		-		-		4,620,452		1,939,899
2040-2043	5,015,000		652,250		-		-		5,015,000		652,250
	\$ 29,819,531	\$	10,502,584	\$	995,000	\$	32,525	\$	30,814,531	\$	10,535,109

In July 2020, the City entered into a \$4,600,000 financing agreement pursuant to ORS 271.390 to partially finance the construction of an addition to an existing building on the City's operations facility site, remodel of existing facilities, and related improvements. The financing agreement pays interest semiannually on December 15 and June 15, at an interest rate of 1.78%.

The Series 2018 General Obligation Bonds pledge the full faith and credit and taxing authority to pay the bonds. If the bonds are defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, actions to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligations then outstanding to its satisfaction. However, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

The City has pledged its full faith and credit and taxing authority to pay the outstanding principal, interest and other amounts due on direct borrowings related to governmental activities of \$3,484,531. The notes contains a provision that in an event of default, the outstanding balance shall bear interest at the default rate of 4.78% until such event of default is remedied, however, the amounts due are not subject to acceleration.

#### Legal debt margin

The City is subject to a debt limit that is 3% of the true cash value of all taxable property within the City boundaries. At June 30, 2024, that amount was \$169,755,404. As of June 30, 2024, the total outstanding debt applicable to the limit was \$29,666,591, which is 17.5% of the total debt limit.

#### Arbitrage

Under U.S. Treasury Department regulations, all governmental tax-exempt debt issued after August 31, 1986, is subject to arbitrage rebate requirements. The requirements stipulate, in general, that the actual earnings from the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds, which exceed related interest earnings if such investments were invested at a rate equal to the yield of the bonds, must be remitted to the Federal

government on every fifth anniversary of each bond issuance. The City has evaluated each series of tax-exempt general obligation bonds and other direct loans issued by the City. The City has recognized an arbitrage liability of \$332,011 as of June 30, 2024.

## 8. Leases Payable

Right to use leased equipment are assets which the City leases for a term of more than one year. The value of the leases is determined by the net present value of the leases at the City's incremental borrowing rate at the time of the lease agreement, amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the agreement.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending					
June 30,	P	rincipal	Ir	terest	 Total
2025	\$	29,687	\$	1,318	\$ 31,005
2026		19,276		679	19,955
2027		10,657		229	10,886
2028		1,093		5	 1,099
Totals	\$	60,713	\$	2,231	\$ 62,945

#### 9. Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for the City combines two separate plans. The City provides an implicit rate subsidy for retiree health insurance premiums, and a contribution to the State of Oregon's PERS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined health insurance benefit plan.

#### **Financial Statement Presentation**

The City's two OPEB plans are presented in the aggregate on the Statement of Net Position. The amounts on the financial statements relate to the plans as follows:

	Implicit Rate Subsidy	PERS RHIA Plan	Total OPEB on Financials	
Net OPEB Asset	\$ -	\$ 212,242	\$ 212,242	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	64,603	-	64,603	
Change in Assumptions	14,760	-	14,760	
Difference in Earnings	-	602	602	
Change in Proportionate Share	-	24,928	24,928	
Contributions After MD	77,759	250	78,009	
Total OPEB Liability	(997,687)	-	(997,687)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	(17,961)	(5,328)	(23,289)	
Difference in Earnings	-	-	-	
Change in Assumptions	(160,978)	(2,288)	(163,266)	
Change in Proportionate Share	-	(4,261)	(4,261)	
OPEB Expense/(Income)*	80,687	(34,068)	46,619	

<sup>\*</sup>Included in program expenses on Statement of Activities

## **Implicit Rate Subsidy**

#### **Plan Description**

The City's single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan is administered by City County Insurance Services (CIS). Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and representatives of collective bargaining units or through resolutions passed by City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

The City's postemployment healthcare plan administrator issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CIS. This report may be obtained by writing to CIS, 1212 Court Street NE, Salem, OR 97301, or by accessing the CIS website at www.cisoregon.org.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The plan provides eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 the same health care coverage at the same premium rates as offered to active employees. The retiree is responsible for the premiums. As of the valuation date of July 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	150
Eligible retirees	7
Spouses of ineligible retirees	3
Total participants	160

# Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The City's total OPEB liability of \$997,687 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense from this plan of \$80,687. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and	 		
actual experience	\$ 64,603	\$	17,961
Changes of assumptions	 14,760		160,978
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)	 79,363		178,939
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 77,759		
Total	\$ 157,122	\$	178,939

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$77,759 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (26,394)
2026	(20,919)
2027	(17,057)
2028	(12,218)
2029	(11,417)
Thereafter	 (11,571)
Total	\$ (99,576)

## **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The City's total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date.

Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	3.40%
Mortality	Pub-2010 General and Safety Employee and Healthy Retiree tables, sex distinct for members and dependents, with a one-year setback for male general service employees and female safety employees.
Healthcare cost trend rate	Medical and vision: 4.25 percent in 2022, ranges 3.75 to 6.75 percent per year through 2072+; Dental: 1.75 in 2022, 4.0 percent through 2072, 3.75% thereafter
Discount rate	3.65%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal

The discount rates are based on a 20-Year general obligation bond yield index published by The Bond Buyer.

# **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$	989,979	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		71,113	
Interest on total OPEB liability		35,968	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		(8,480)	
Benefit payments		(90,893)	
Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$	997,687	

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare trend assumption.

#### Discount Rate:

		Decrease (2.65%)	Current Discount Rate (3.65%)		1% Increase (4.65%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,075,478	\$	997,687	\$	925,762	
Healthcare Cost Trend:	1% Decrease			Current Health Care Trend Rates		1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	895,816	\$	997,687	\$	1,117,755	

# **PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account**

#### **Plan Description**

The City contributes to the PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by PERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums for eligible retirees. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants hired after August 29, 2003. PERS issues publicly available financial statements and required

supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, or online at: <a href="https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx">https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx</a>

#### **Benefits Provided**

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

#### **Contributions**

PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2023. The City's contribution rates for the period were 0.00% for Tier One/Tier Two and OPSRP members. The City's total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$250.

# OPEB Assets, Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the City reported an asset of \$212,242 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the City's contributions to the RHIA program during the measurement period relative to contributions from all participating employers. At June 30, 2024, the City's proportionate share was 0.0580%, which is an decrease from its proportion of 0.0722% as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB income from this plan of \$34,068. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	5,328
Changes of assumptions	-		2,288
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	602		-
Changes in proportionate share	24,928		4,261
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)	25,530		11,877
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 250	-	
Total	\$ 25,780	\$	11,877

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$250 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as either a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense/(income) as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ 5,225
2026	(2,229)
2027	7,844
2028	2,813
2029	-
Total	\$ 13,653

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The net OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using actuarial methods and assumptions consistent with those disclosed for the OPERS Pension Plan. See Note 10 for additional information on Actuarial Assumptions and Methods, the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, and the Discount Rate.

# Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.90%)		Current Discount Rate (6.90%)		1% Increase (7.90%)	
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(192,928)	\$ (212,242)	\$	(228,813)	

## **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

## 10. Pension Plan

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. The Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The pension program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at: <a href="http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx">http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx</a>

#### **Benefits** provided

## A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit ORS Chapter 238

#### **Pension Benefits**

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years

of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members.

#### **Death Benefits**

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

## **Disability Benefits**

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police members) when determining the monthly benefit.

## **Benefit Changes After Retirement**

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments of that account.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living (COLA) changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

## **B.** OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

#### **Pension Benefits**

The ORS 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of the OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

• *Police*: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit.

#### CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

To be classified as a police member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

• General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

#### **Death Benefits**

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse or other person may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached  $70\frac{1}{2}$  years.

#### **Disability Benefits**

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

#### **Benefit Changes After Retirement**

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

#### C. Defined contribution plan - Individual Account Program (IAP)

#### **Pension Benefits**

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution

#### CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

#### **Death Benefits**

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

#### Recordkeeping

OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

#### **Contributions**

#### 1. Employer Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2023. Effective January 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required employers to pay contributions on re-employed PERS retirees' salary as if they were an active member, excluding IAP (6 percent) contributions. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$3,475,748, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were 28.01 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member, 28.01 percent for Tier One/Tier Two Police, 21.43 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 26.22 percent for OPSRP Pension Program Police Members.

#### 2. Employee Contributions

Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members behalf. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements. As permitted, the City has opted to pick-up the contributions on behalf of employees; contribution were \$855,994 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

## Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$24,832,876 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used

to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the City's proportion was 0.13257857 percent, which increased from its proportion of 0.12340138 percent as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,204,029. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,214,403	\$	98,465	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,206,006		16,448	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
investments	446,348		_	
Changes in proportion	1,887,578		904,277	
Differences between City contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions	 169,517		1,481,856	
Total (prior to post-measurement date contributions)	5,923,852		2,501,046	
City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	 3,475,748			
Total	\$ 9,399,600	\$	2,501,046	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$3,475,748 resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
Year ending June 30:	Amount
2025	\$ 357,032
2026	(578,560)
2027	2,562,512
2028	934,881
2029	146,941
Total	\$ 3,422,806

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2025, were set using the entry age normal method.

#### CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

For the ORS 238 Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), and (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the ORS 238A OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (3) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Experience Study Report	2020, published July 20, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.40 percent
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.90 percent
Discount Rate	6.90 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.40 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA
	(1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with $Moro$
	decision, blend based on service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-
	2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct,
	generational with Unisex, Social Security
	Data Scale, with job category adjustments
	and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active Members: Pub-2010 Employee,
	sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social
	Security Data Scale, with job category
	adjustments and set-backs as described in
	the valuation.
	<b>Disabled retirees:</b> Pub-2010 Disable
	Retiree, sex distinct, generational with
	Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job
	category adjustments and set-backs as
	described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2020 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2020.

#### Long-term expected rate of return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in January 2023 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	20-Year Annualized Geometric Mean
	27.500/	7.070/
Global Equity	27.50%	7.07%
Private Equity	25.50%	8.83%
Core Fixed Income	25.00%	4.50%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.83%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	6.02%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.51%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	6.27%
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63%	6.48%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	4.83%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.35%

#### **Depletion Date Projection**

GASB 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the total pension liability (the actuarial accrued liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position (fair value of investment assets, all others at cost) is projected to cover benefit

#### CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high-quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods when the fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 67 (paragraph 43) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not recommend a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 67 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions. This means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience that might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our third-party actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 67 would clearly indicate that the fiduciary net position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.90%)		Discount Rate (6.90%)		1% Increase (7.90%)	
City's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$	41,019,235	\$	24,832,876	\$	11,286,608

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

#### 11. Change within the Financial Reporting Entity

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for a) accounting changes and b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). The City made changes within the financial reporting entity to reclassify previously reported major funds to nonmajor (or vice versa) as follows:

	Reporting Units Affected by Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances								
	Funds						Government-Wide		
				General					
	Transportion Project Fund		Obligation Bond Fund		Nonmajor	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	e
					Governmental			Activities	
6/30/23, as previously reported	\$	3,438,997	\$	-	\$ 12,151,574	\$	-	\$	-
Change from nonmajor to major fund		-		211,800	(211,800)		-		-
Change from major to nonmajor fund		(3,438,997)		-	3,438,997				_
6/30/23, as adjusted or restated	\$	-	\$	211,800	\$ 15,378,771	\$		\$	_

#### 12. Construction and Other Significant Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2024. The projects include construction of the Veteran's Plaza at the Tualatin Lake at the Commons and the Martinazzi Sanitary Sewer Upsizing project. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			Remaining		
Project	Spent-to-Date		Co	ommitment	
Veteran's Memorial Plaza	\$	1,857,960	\$	1,596,984	
Tualatin-Sherwood Road Improvements		2,036,130		70,022	
Herman Road Improvement Project		2,595,925		77,406	
Martinazzi Sewer Line Upsize Project		2,123,456		2,123,456	

#### CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

The remaining commitment amounts were encumbered at fiscal year end. Encumbrances and related appropriation technically lapse at the end of the year, but are reappropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget because performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year.

#### 13. Risk Management

The City is subject to the ordinary risks of loss to which similar entities are exposed. These risks are handled through the purchase of commercial insurance policies to minimize its exposure to these risks. There has been no reduction in commercial insurance coverage from the previous fiscal year. Workers compensation claims are insured through incurred loss retrospective policies and the City is self-insured for unemployment compensation claims.

#### 14. Contingencies and Commitments

Management of the City believes that total amount of liability, if any, which may arise from claims and lawsuits pending against the City beyond that, which is covered by insurance, would not have a material effect on the City's financial condition.

Federal and state grants are subject to audit by the grantor agencies and any adjustments may become a liability of the appropriate fund. Management believes that adjustments, if any, will not materially affect the City's financial position.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
  - General Fund
  - Transportation Development Tax Fund
  - American Rescue Plan Fund
- Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
  Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, Retirement Health Insurance Account
- Schedule of City OPEB Contributions
   Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, Retirement Health Insurance Account
- Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan
- Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability
- Schedule of City Pension Plan Contributions

	Bue	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 12,383,100	\$ 12,383,100	\$ 12,228,461	\$ (154,639)
Franchise fees	2,705,000	2,705,000	3,030,364	325,364
Charges for service	192,750	192,750	272,490	79,740
Licenses and permits	329,000	329,000	416,312	87,312
Intergovernmental	5,271,675	5,281,675	5,324,473	42,798
Fines and forfeitures	976,000	976,000	681,139	(294,861)
Fees and charges	121,150	121,150	106,001	(15,149)
Interest	603,175	603,175	897,131	293,956
Miscellaneous	183,745	183,745	322,887	139,142
TOTAL REVENUES	22,765,595	22,775,595	23,279,258	503,663
EXPENDITURES				
City Council	124,255	124,255	113,347	10,908
Administration	1,807,040	1,925,470	1,890,877	34,593
Finance	1,379,475	1,261,045	1,201,639	59,406
Municipal Court	525,295	525,295	461,676	63,619
Legal	540,500	540,500	475,668	64,832
Information Services	1,714,600	1,777,300	1,752,412	24,888
Community Development	1,218,235	1,218,235	1,121,561	96,674
Engineering	1,020,490	1,085,490	1,008,056	77,434
Police	9,497,635	9,497,635	9,413,911	83,724
Parks and Recreation	2,753,920	2,753,920	2,644,954	108,966
Library	2,594,530	2,594,530	2,510,444	84,086
Maintenance Services	2,851,720	2,861,720	2,775,069	86,651
Parks Maintenance	1,767,895	1,767,895	1,651,577	116,318
Nondepartmental	, ,	, ,	, ,	,
General Services	1,544,620	1,544,620	1,263,871	280,749
Contingency	4,410,020	4,282,320	-	4,282,320
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	33,750,230	33,760,230	28,285,062	5,475,168
	33,730,230	33,700,230	20,203,002	3,473,100
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,984,635)	(10,984,635)	(5,005,804)	5,978,831
,	(10,704,033)	(10,704,033)	(3,003,004)	3,776,631
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	5,480,690	5,480,690	5,480,690	-
Transfers out	(59,950)	(59,950)	(59,949)	1
Sales of general capital assets			729	729
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	5,420,740	5,420,740	5,421,470	730
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(5,563,895)	(5,563,895)	415,666	5,979,561
FUND BALANCES - beginning	14,628,600	14,628,600	16,011,692	1,383,092
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 9,064,705	\$ 9,064,705	16,427,358	\$ 7,362,653
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:			(202.949)	
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments			(293,848)	
Fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 16,133,510	

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bu	dget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES Fees and charges Interest	\$ 1,525,000 420,000	\$ 1,525,000 420,000	\$ 1,617,871 445,404	\$ 92,871 25,404	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,945,000	1,945,000	2,063,275	118,275	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Contingency	4,790,000 10,249,660	4,790,000 10,224,720	5,093,933	(303,933) 10,224,720	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,039,660	15,014,720	5,093,933	9,920,787	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(13,094,660)	(13,069,720)	(3,030,658)	10,039,062	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(276,310)	(301,250)	(299,075)	2,175	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(276,310)	(301,250)	(299,075)	2,175	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(13,370,970)	(13,370,970)	(3,329,733)	10,041,237	
FUND BALANCE - beginning	13,370,970	13,370,970	14,071,347	700,377	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ -	\$ -	10,741,614	\$ 10,741,614	
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments			(139,546)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 10,602,068		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget					Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES Interest	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(100,000)
TOTAL REVENUES		100,000		100,000				(100,000)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Materials and service		205,065		205,065		-		205,065
Capital outlay		5,000,000		5,000,000		363,465		4,636,535
Contingency		750,330		750,330				750,330
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,955,395		5,955,395		363,465		5,591,930
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(5,855,395)		(5,855,395)		(363,465)		5,491,930
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(70,330)		(70,330)		(70,330)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(70,330)		(70,330)		(70,330)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(5,925,725)		(5,925,725)		(433,795)		5,491,930
FUND BALANCE - beginning		5,925,725		5,925,725		5,755,285		(170,440)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	_	\$	_		5,321,490	\$	5,321,490
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unearned revenue						(5,298,651)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	22,839		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, Retirement Health Insurance Account For the Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

Year Ended June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	of tl	(b) City's rtionate share ne net OPEB oility (asset)	(c) City's covered payroll**	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2024	0.05796327%	\$	(212,242)	\$ 14,027,801	-1.51%	201.6%
2023	0.07221159%		(256,593)	12,794,942	-2.01%	194.6%
2022	0.06381987%		(219,158)	12,398,870	-1.77%	183.9%
2021	0.02390037%		(48,699)	12,001,964	-0.41%	150.1%
2020	0.10545040%		(203,768)	11,145,231	-1.83%	144.4%
2019	0.10373181%		(115,793)	11,063,578	-1.05%	124.0%
2018	0.09990764%		(41,696)	10,461,419	-0.40%	108.9%
2017	0.10113095%		27,463	9,876,439	0.28%	94.2%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> As of the measurement date which is one year in arrears

## CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, Retirement Health Insurance Account

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

Year Ended June 30,	dete	(a) ractually ermined tribution	(b) Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution		(a-b) Contribution deficiency (excess)		 (c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2024	\$	250	\$	250	\$	_	\$ 14,016,081	0.00%
2023		1,142		1,142		-	14,027,801	0.01%
2022		1,780		1,780		-	12,794,942	0.01%
2021		1,708		1,708		-	12,398,870	0.01%
2020		1,707		1,707		-	12,001,964	0.01%
2019		52,263		52,263		-	11,145,231	0.47%
2018		50,227		50,227		-	11,063,578	0.45%
2017		49,604		49,604		-	10,461,419	0.47%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013
Effective:	July 2023 - June 2025	July 2021 - June 2023	July 2019 - June 2021	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2015 - June 2017
Actuarial cost method:	Entry age Normal				
Actuarial valuation method:	Market Value				
Actuarial assumptions:					
Inflation rate	2.40 percent	2.40 percent	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	3.40 percent	3.40 percent	3.50 percent	3.50 percent	3.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent	6.90 percent	7.20 percent	7.50 percent	7.75 percent

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIO'S

Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability		 			 		
Service Interest	\$ 71,113	\$ 81,351	\$ 78,980	\$ 67,289	\$ 59,961	\$ 70,184	\$ 74,503
Interest	35,968	22,545	21,608	34,218	34,946	33,955	28,219
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	74,107	-	(33,577)	-	25,554	-
Changes of assumptions	(8,480)	(127,168)	4,017	(32,978)	28,559	(97,981)	(56,076)
Benefit payment	(90,893)	(46,230)	(35,819)	(56,992)	(55,231)	(78,520)	(89,531)
Net change in total OPEB liability	7,708	4,605	68,786	(22,040)	68,235	(46,808)	(42,885)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	989,979	985,374	916,588	938,628	870,393	917,201	960,086
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 997,687	\$ 989,979	\$ 985,374	\$ 916,588	\$ 938,628	\$ 870,393	\$ 917,201
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,027,801	\$ 12,794,942	\$ 12,398,870	\$ 12,001,964	\$ 11,145,231	\$ 11,063,578	\$ 10,461,419
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.11%	7.74%	7.95%	7.64%	8.42%	7.87%	8.77%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

#### Implicit Rate Subsidy

Contributions are not based on a measure of pay, therefore the covered-employee payroll is used in the percentages above.

#### Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate.

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Discount rate used	3.65%	3.54%	2.16%	2.21%	3.50%	3.87%	3.58%

<u>Assets of the Plan</u>
There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET)/LIABILITY For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	of t	(b) City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		(c) City's covered payroll*	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2024	0.13257857%	\$	24,832,876	\$	14,027,801	177.03%	81.68%
2023	0.12340138%		18,895,227		12,794,942	147.68%	84.55%
2022	0.12559766%		15,029,619		12,398,870	121.22%	87.57%
2021	0.11612761%		25,343,039		12,001,964	211.16%	75.79%
2020	0.13499056%		23,350,134		11,145,231	209.51%	80.23%
2019	0.12576501%		19,051,743		11,063,578	172.20%	82.07%
2018	0.12527218%		16,886,737		10,461,419	161.42%	83.12%
2017	0.13985297%		20,995,178		9,876,439	212.58%	80.53%
2016	0.15443816%		8,867,007		10,203,939	86.90%	91.88%
2015	0.15665389%		(3,550,897)		9,786,025	-36.29%	103.59%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

<sup>\*</sup>As of the measurement date, which is one year in arrears.

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Statutorily required ontribution	(b) Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		_	(a-b) Contribution deficiency (excess)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2024	\$ 3,475,748	\$	3,475,748	\$	-	\$ 14,016,081	24.80%
2023	2,905,632		2,905,632		-	14,027,801	20.71%
2022	3,032,048		3,032,048		-	12,794,942	23.70%
2021	2,586,610		2,586,610		-	12,398,870	20.86%
2020	3,667,398		4,677,454		(1,010,056)	12,001,964	38.97%
2019	2,062,929		2,062,929		-	11,145,231	18.51%
2018	1,992,599		1,992,599		-	11,063,578	18.01%
2017	1,510,197		1,510,197		-	10,461,419	14.44%
2016	1,471,213		1,471,213		-	9,876,439	14.90%
2015	1,439,922		1,439,922		-	10,203,939	14.11%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

#### CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

#### Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

On or before June 30 of each year, the City enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. The City's budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the same basis as GAAP.

Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee. The budget committee presents the budget to the City Council for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution. The City budgets all funds as required by Oregon Local Budget Law.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department as established by the resolution are the legal level of control for the General Fund. Expenditure categories of personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service transfers, and contingency are the legal level of control for all other funds. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and adoption by the City Council. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers between the legal levels of control within a fund. Such transfers require approval by the City Council. Management may not amend the budget without seeking the approval of the Council. The City had appropriation transfers during the year-ended June 30, 2024. The city had a supplemental budget during the year-ended June 30, 2024. Appropriations lapse as of year-end.

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Fund	Budget Category	Amount of Over Expenditure
Transportation Development Tax Fund	Capital Outlay	\$303,933

#### Pension Liability (Asset) and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability (Asset)

This information is intended to help users assess the City's retirement pension plan (OPERS) and OPEB plans' status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due. OPERS publishes an independently audited ACFR that can be obtained at https://www.oregon.gov/pers/ Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

Additional details and a comprehensive list of changes for OPERS in methods and assumptions can be found in the 2022 Experience Study for OPERS which was published July 24, 2023 and can be found at <a href="https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx">https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx</a>.

### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Governmental Funds
- ➤ Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- ➤ Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Internal Service Fund
- > Other Financial Schedules

#### **COMBINING STATEMENTS**

#### MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Capital Projects Fund**

#### **Parks Project Fund**

This fund accounts for the proceeds of the city's Parks Improvement Bond to finance projects throughout the city's Parks system.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

#### **General Obligation Bond Fund**

The General Obligation Bond Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Resources are provided by property taxes.

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

These funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

#### **Building Fund**

The Building Fund accounts for revenues from various fees collected from building for construction of buildings and expended for services rendered primarily in the City's building division.

#### **Road Utility Fee Fund**

The Road Utility Fee Fund accounts for road utility fees from the property located within the City and business owners to maintain pavement maintenance and street lighting.

#### **Road Operating Fund**

The Road Operating Fund accounts for gas taxes received from the State of Oregon and Washington County for the operation and maintenance of the street system, traffic signals, bike paths and landscaping of roadside areas.

#### **Core Area Parking District Fund**

The Core Area Parking District Fund accounts for parking fees from the property located within the City and business owners to develop additional downtown parking areas and maintain existing parking areas.

#### **Tualatin Scholarship Fund**

The Tualatin Science and Technology Scholarship Fund accounts for scholarship awards.

#### **Parks Utility Fee Fund**

The Parks Utility Fee Fund accounts for parks utility fees from property within the City and provides management and renovation of parks, trails, greenways and natural areas including capital renovations and improvements of facilities and assets in the City Parks System.

#### **Economic Development Administration Fund**

The Urban Redevelopment Administration Fund accounts for the general operations of the City's Urban Renewal Agency, a component unit of the City of Tualatin.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

These funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the servicing of general long-term debt:

#### **Southwest Urban Renewal District Bond Fund**

The Southwest Urban Renewal District Bond Fund accounts for property taxes collected by the Southwest Urban Renewal District for payment of bond principal and interest.

#### **Capital Projects Funds**

These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items and facilities. Funds included in this category are:

#### **Tualatin City Services Building Fund**

The Local Improvement District Fund accounts for improvements made to properties that will be assessed to property owners.

#### **Park Development Fund**

The Park Development Fund accounts for capital improvements to parks funded by system development charges.

#### **Transportation Project Fund**

The Transportation Project Fund accounts for the proceeds of the City's Transportation Bond to finance high priority transportation projects throughout the City.

#### **Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund**

The Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund accounts for the proceeds of tax or construction increment bonds which are used for the acquisition and construction of capital assets with the urban renewal district.

## CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARKS PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bu	dget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES Interest	\$ 440,995	\$ 440,995	\$ 733,411	\$ 292,416		
TOTAL REVENUES	440,995	440,995	733,411	292,416		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Personal Services	126,005	126,005	87,855	38,150		
Materials and service	6,000	6,000	-	6,000		
Capital outlay	5,825,250	5,825,250	3,710,861	2,114,389		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,957,255	5,957,255	3,798,716	2,158,539		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,516,260)	(5,516,260)	(3,065,305)	2,450,955		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(124,270)	(124,270)	(124,270)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(124,270)	(124,270)	(124,270)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(5,640,530)	(5,640,530)	(3,189,575)	2,450,955		
FUND BALANCE - beginning	15,425,000	15,425,000	14,691,223	(733,777)		
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 9,784,470	\$ 9,784,470	11,501,648	\$ 1,717,178		
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments			1,069			
Fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 11,502,717			

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# CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bue	dget			Variance with		
	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES	 _			_			
Property taxes	\$ 4,574,010	\$	4,574,010	\$ 4,614,304	\$	40,294	
Intergovernmental				643		643	
Interest	 74,240	_	74,240	 86,485		12,245	
TOTAL REVENUES	4,648,250		4,648,250	 4,701,432		53,182	
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Principal	3,150,000		3,150,000	3,150,000		-	
Interest	 1,573,250		1,573,250	1,573,249		1	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 4,723,250		4,723,250	4,723,249		1_	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(75,000)		(75,000)	 (21,817)		53,183	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(75,000)		(75,000)	(21,817)		53,183	
FUND BALANCE - beginning	 175,000		175,000	 216,130		41,130	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	194,313	\$	94,313	
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:							
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments				(2,057)			
Fund balance - GAAP basis				\$ 192,256			

		Total Nonmajor ccial Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor ebt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor pital Projects Funds		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	7,684,573	\$	1,448,158	\$	4,364,135	\$	13,496,866
Due from other governments		224,971		2,368		-		227,339
Accounts receivable		246,272		=		=		246,272
Property taxes receivable		=		14,223		-		14,223
Accrued interest receivable		51,220		9,827		24,502		85,549
Due from other funds		82,535		=		=		82,535
Inventories		55,537						55,537
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,345,108	\$	1,474,576	\$	4,388,637	\$	14,208,321
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	1,037,363	\$	_	\$	375,239	\$	1,412,602
Deposits	Ψ	54,179	Ψ	_	Ψ	575,257	Ψ	54,179
Due to other funds		82,535		_		_		82,535
Retainage payable		6,821		_		128,873		135,694
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,180,898		-		504,112		1,685,010
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue		=		11,008			_	11,008
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				11,008			_	11,008
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		55,537		-		-		55,537
Restricted for:								
Building and engineering		709,446		-		-		709,446
Street and roadside maintenance		3,756,769		-		-		3,756,769
Capital projects		-		-		3,884,525		3,884,525
Urban renewal projects		133,370		1,463,568		-		1,596,938
Committed to:								
Pavement maintenance and street lighting		1,192,021		-		-		1,192,021
Parks capital and maintenance		970,923		-		-		970,923
Parking maintenance		294,661		-		-		294,661
Assigned to:								
Scholarships		51,483						51,483
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		7,164,210		1,463,568		3,884,525		12,512,303
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	8,345,108	\$	1,474,576	\$	4,388,637	\$	14,208,321

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,299,932	\$ -	\$ 1,299,932
Charges for service	615,189	-	-	615,189
Licenses and permits	799,846	-	-	799,846
Intergovernmental	2,760,474	142	-	2,760,616
Fees and charges	3,003,850	-	2,044,084	5,047,934
Interest	326,803	28,931	261,376	617,110
Miscellaneous	11,607			11,607
TOTAL REVENUES	7,517,769	1,329,005	2,305,460	11,152,234
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	49,614	-	-	49,614
Public safety	1,416,738	-	-	1,416,738
Highways and streets	3,466,874	-	1,699	3,468,573
Culture and recreation	1,000	-	300	1,300
Capital outlay	804,566		6,272,553	7,077,119
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,738,792		6,274,552	12,013,344
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,778,977	1,329,005	(3,969,092)	(861,110)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,065,216	-	-	1,065,216
Transfers out	(2,547,709)		(522,865)	(3,070,574)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(1,482,493)		(522,865)	(2,005,358)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	296,484	1,329,005	(4,491,957)	(2,866,468)
FUND BALANCES - beginning, as previously reported Change within financial reporting entity	6,867,726	346,363	4,937,485	12,151,574
(major to nonmajor fund)	_	-	3,438,997	3,438,997
(nonmajor to major fund)		(211,800)	-	(211,800)
FUND BALANCE - beginning, as adjusted or restated	6,867,726	134,563	8,376,482	15,378,771
FUND BALANCES - ending	\$ 7,164,210	\$ 1,463,568	\$ 3,884,525	\$ 12,512,303

	Bı	ailding Fund	Ros	ad Utility Fee Fund	Ro	ad Operating Fund	Core Area Parking District Fund	
ASSETS  Cash and investments  Due from other governments  Accounts receivable  Accrued interest receivable  Due from other funds  Inventories	\$	1,127,680 63,143 - 6,262	\$	1,026,673 170,866 7,265 82,535	\$	3,946,201 89,489 979 26,924 - 55,537	\$	299,245 - 7,068 2,031 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,197,085	\$	1,287,339	\$	4,119,130	\$	308,344
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Deposits Due to other funds Retainage payable	\$	433,460 54,179	\$	95,318 - - -	\$	224,289 - 82,535	\$	13,683
TOTAL LIABILITIES		487,639		95,318		306,824		13,683
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Inventory						55,537		
Restricted for: Building and engineering		709,446		-		· -		-
Street and roadside maintenance Urban renewal projects Committed to:		-		-		3,756,769		-
Pavement maintenance and street lighting Parks capital and maintenance Parking maintenance Assigned to:		- - -		1,192,021 - -		- - -		294,661
Scholarships		-						
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		709,446		1,192,021	_	3,812,306		294,661
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,197,085	\$	1,287,339	\$	4,119,130	\$	308,344

Sch	Tualatin olarship Fund	Par	ks Utility Fee Fund	De	Economic evelopment ministration Fund	Total
\$	51,136 - - 347 -	\$	1,044,898 72,339 67,359 7,091	\$	188,740 - - 1,300 -	\$ 7,684,573 224,971 246,272 51,220 82,535 55,537
\$	51,483	\$	1,191,687	\$	190,040	\$ 8,345,108
\$	- - - -	\$	213,943 - - 6,821	\$	56,670 - - -	\$ 1,037,363 54,179 82,535 6,821
			220,764		56,670	 1,180,898
	-		-		-	55,537
	- - -		- - -		133,370	709,446 3,756,769 133,370
	- - -		970,923		- - -	1,192,021 970,923 294,661
	51,483					51,483
	51,483		970,923		133,370	7,164,210
\$	51,483	\$	1,191,687	\$	190,040	\$ 8,345,108

	Building Fund		Road Utility Fee Fund		Road Operating Fund		Core Area Parking District Fund		
REVENUES									
Charges for service	\$	615,189	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		799,846		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		2,760,474		-	
Fees and charges		52,859		1,918,437		204,307		84,036	
Interest		50,027		41,465		174,541		13,299	
Miscellaneous		9,839		<u> </u>		1,768		<u> </u>	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,527,760		1,959,902		3,141,090		97,335	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-		=		-		28,353	
Public safety		1,416,738		=		-		-	
Highways and streets		-		1,777,271		1,678,206		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		_		_	
Capital outlay						379,349			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,416,738		1,777,271		2,057,555		28,353	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		111,022		182,631		1,083,535		68,982	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		192,230		511,430		361,556		-	
Transfers out		(545,500)		(443,260)		(1,444,409)		(37,360)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		(353,270)		68,170		(1,082,853)		(37,360)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(242,248)		250,801		682		31,622	
FUND BALANCES - beginning		951,694		941,220		3,811,624		263,039	
FUND BALANCES - ending	\$	709,446	\$	1,192,021	\$	3,812,306	\$	294,661	

		conomic							
T 1.	Tualatin Parks Utility				velopment				
Tualatin				Adn	ninistration	T . 1			
Scholarship	Fund	Fe	ee Fund		Fund		Total		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	615,189		
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	799,846		
	_		_		-		2,760,474		
	_		744,211		-		3,003,850		
2	2,400		38,435		6,636		326,803		
						11,6			
	2,400		782,646		6,636		7,517,769		
	-		_		21,261		49,614		
	-		=		-		1,416,738		
	-		11,397		-		3,466,874		
	1,000		-		-		1,000		
			425,217				804,566		
	1,000		436,614		21,261		5,738,792		
	1,400		346,032		(14,625)		1,778,977		
	_		_		_		1,065,216		
	-		(77,180)		-		(2,547,709)		
			(77,180)				(1,482,493)		
	1,400		268,852		(14,625)		296,484		
50	0,083		702,071		147,995		6,867,726		
\$ 5	1,483	\$	970,923	\$	133,370	\$	7,164,210		

	Ren	thwest Urban newal District Bond Fund	Total			
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,448,158	\$	1,448,158		
Due from other governments		2,368		2,368		
Property taxes receivable		14,223		14,223		
Accrued interest receivable		9,827		9,827		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,474,576	\$	1,474,576		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue	\$	11,008	\$	11,008		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES		11,008		11,008		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Urban renewal projects		1,463,568		1,463,568		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,463,568		1,463,568		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,474,576	\$	1,474,576		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Formerly Nonmajor Fund				
	General Obligation Bond Fund	Southwest Urban Renewal District Bond Fund			Total
REVENUES					
Property taxes		\$	1,299,932	\$	1,299,932
Intergovernmental			142		142
Interest			28,931		28,931
TOTAL REVENUES			1,329,005		1,329,005
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_		1,329,005		1,329,005
FUND BALANCES - beginning, as previously reported Change within financial reporting entity	211,800		134,563		346,363
(nonmajor to major fund)	(211,800)		-		(211,800)
FUND BALANCE - beginning, as adjusted or restated	-		134,563		134,563
FUND BALANCES - ending	\$ -	\$	1,463,568	\$	1,463,568

	Tualatin City Services Building Fund		Development		Transportation Project Fund		Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund			Total		
ASSETS										_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	103,591	\$	3,992,666	\$	23,253	\$	244,625	\$	4,364,135		
Accrued interest receivable			_	24,502						24,502		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	103,591	\$	4,017,168	\$	23,253	\$	244,625	\$	4,388,637		
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	103,591	\$	132,643	\$	23,253	\$	115,752	\$	375,239		
Retainage payable		-						128,873		128,873		
				_								
TOTAL LIABILITIES		103,591		132,643		23,253		244,625	_	504,112		
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:												
Capital projects		_		3,884,525		_		_		3,884,525		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES				3,884,525					_	3,884,525		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	103,591	\$	4,017,168	\$	23,253	\$	244,625	\$	4,388,637		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Tualatin City Services Building Fund	Par Develo Fur	pment	Forme Major I Transpor Project	rtation	Leveton Tax Increment District Projec Fund	ct	otal
REVENUES	Ф	Ф 20	44.004	Ф		0	2.0	44.004
Fees and charges Interest	5,114		14,084 24,225	\$	9,750	\$ 92,28	/	44,084 61,376
TOTAL REVENUES	5,114	2,10	68,309	3	9,750	92,28	7 2,30	05,460
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Highways and streets Culture and recreation	-		300		1,699		-	1,699 300
Culture and recreation  Capital outlay	103,841	1′	300 29,944	3 10	7,888	2,840,88	- 0 62'	72,553
Capital Outlay	103,041		27,777	3,17	7,000	2,040,00	0,2	12,333
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	103,841	1;	30,244	3,19	9,587	2,840,88	0 6,2	74,552
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(98,727)	2,03	38,065	(3,15	9,837)	(2,748,59	3) (3,9)	69,092)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	-	(1)	11,485)	(27	9,160)	(132,22	0) (52	22,865)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(1	11,485)	(27	9,160)	(132,22	0) (5)	22,865)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(98,727)	1,92	26,580	(3,43	8,997)	(2,880,81	3) (4,49	91,957)
FUND BALANCES - beginning, as previously reported Change within financial reporting entity	98,727	1,9:	57,945		-	2,880,81	3 4,93	37,485
(major to nonmajor fund)	-		-	3,43	8,997		- 3,43	38,997
FUND BALANCE - beginning, as adjusted or restated	98,727	1,9:	57,945		8,997	2,880,81		76,482
FUND BALANCES - ending	\$ -	\$ 3,88	84,525	\$		\$	- \$ 3,88	84,525

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison Schedules included the following:

- Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
  - Building Fund
  - Road Utility Fee Fund
  - Road Operating Fund
  - Core Area Parking District Fund
  - Tualatin Scholarship Fund
  - Parks Utility Fee Fund
  - Economic Development Administration Fund
- Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
  - Southwest Urban Renewal District Bond Fund
- Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
  - Tualatin City Services Building Fund
  - Park Development Fund
  - Transportation Project Fund
  - Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bue	dget			Va	riance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Charges for service	\$ 554,400	\$	554,400	\$ 615,189	\$	60,789
Licenses and permits	849,320		849,320	799,846		(49,474)
Fees and charges	12,200		12,200	52,859		40,659
Interest	42,000		42,000	38,155		(3,845)
Miscellaneous	 1,100		1,100	 9,839		8,739
TOTAL REVENUES	 1,459,020		1,459,020	 1,515,888		56,868
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Personal services	1,167,340		1,215,340	1,197,548		17,792
Materials and services	93,250		243,250	219,190		24,060
Contingency	 270,915		72,915	 		72,915
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,531,505		1,531,505	1,416,738		114,767
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(72,485)		(72,485)	99,150		171,635
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	75,000		203,420	192,230		(11,190)
Transfers out	(545,500)		(545,500)	(545,500)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	 (470,500)		(342,080)	 (353,270)		(11,190)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(542,985)		(414,565)	(254,120)		160,445
FUND BALANCE - beginning	652,340		652,340	 977,499		325,159
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 109,355	\$	237,775	723,379	\$	485,604
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:						
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments				 (13,933)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis				\$ 709,446		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD UTILITY FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Bue	dget				Va	riance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES								
Fees and charges	\$	1,904,135	\$	1,904,135	\$	1,918,437	\$	14,302
Interest		21,000		21,000	_	33,905		12,905
TOTAL REVENUES		1,925,135		1,925,135		1,952,342		27,207
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Materials and services		1,905,160		1,905,160		1,777,271		127,889
Contingency		285,775		283,775				283,775
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,190,935		2,188,935		1,777,271		411,664
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(265,800)		(263,800)		175,071		438,871
o ver (ender) em ender	_	(200,000)		(203,000)	_	170,071		130,071
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		504,580		529,580		511,430		(18,150)
Transfers out		(442,070)		(444,070)		(443,260)		810
Tunsiers out		(442,070)		(444,070)		(443,200)		010
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		62,510		85,510		68,170		(17,340)
2 : 22222 (2 2 2 2 )		0_,000	-			00,2,0		(-1,010)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(203,290)		(178,290)		243,241		421,531
		, ,		, , ,		,		,
FUND BALANCE - beginning		1,360,620		1,360,620		961,465		(399,155)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	1,157,330	\$	1,182,330		1,204,706	\$	22,376
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:								
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(12,685)		
6 ( )						( ))		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	1,192,021		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD OPERATING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bu	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,768,755	\$ 2,768,755	\$ 2,760,474	\$ (8,281)
Fees and charges	-	-	204,307	204,307
Interest	103,260	103,260	140,718	37,458
Miscellaneous			1,768	1,768
TOTAL REVENUES	2,872,015	2,872,015	3,107,267	235,252
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personal services	685,450	685,450	531,426	154,024
Materials and services	1,212,565	1,212,565	1,146,780	65,785
Capital outlay	800,000	800,000	379,349	420,651
Contingency	596,200	571,200		571,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,294,215	3,269,215	2,057,555	1,211,660
EVERGE (DEPLOYENCY) OF DEVENIUE				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(422,200)	(397,200)	1,049,712	1,446,912
,				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	360,200	362,200	361,556	(644)
Transfers out	(1,438,060)	(1,463,060)	(1,444,409)	18,651
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(1,077,860)	(1,100,860)	(1,082,853)	18,007
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,500,060)	(1,498,060)	(33,141)	1,464,919
FUND BALANCE - beginning	3,482,320	3,482,320	3,894,205	411,885
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 1,982,260	\$ 1,984,260	3,861,064	\$ 1,876,804
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments			(48,758)	
Fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 3,812,306	

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON CORE AREA PARKING DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For 1	the	Fiscal	Vear	Ended	June	30.	2024

	Bu	dget			Var	iance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Fees and charges	\$ 75,000	\$	75,000	\$ 84,036	\$	9,036
Interest	 3,500		3,500	 11,145	-	7,645
TOTAL REVENUES	 78,500		78,500	 95,181		16,681
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Materials and services	29,400		29,400	28,353		1,047
Capital outlay	70,000		70,000	-		70,000
Contingency	15,810	-	15,810	 		15,810
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	115,210		115,210	28,353		86,857
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(36,710)		(36,710)	66,828		103,538
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	(37,360)		(37,360)	(37,360)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	(37,360)		(37,360)	(37,360)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(74,070)		(74,070)	29,468		103,538
FUND BALANCE - beginning	 260,000		260,000	268,890		8,890
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 185,930	\$	185,930	298,358	\$	112,428
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:						
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments				 (3,697)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis				\$ 294,661		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TUALATIN SCHOLARSHIP FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Bu	dget			Varia	nce with
	(	Original		Final	 Actual	Final	Budget
REVENUES							
Interest	\$	1,800	\$	1,800	\$ 1,915	\$	115
TOTAL REVENUES		1,800		1,800	1,915		115
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Materials and services		1,000		1,000	 1,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,000		1,000	 1,000		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		800		800	915		115
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		800		800	915		115
FUND BALANCE - beginning		50,950		50,950	 51,200		250
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	51,750	\$	51,750	52,115	\$	365
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments					(632)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$ 51,483		

# CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARKS UTILITY FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			lget					iance with
DDVDVIJE.		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES Fees and charges	\$	678,440	\$	678,440	\$	744,211	\$	65,771
Interest	Ψ	3,500	Ψ	3,500	Ψ	37,487	Ψ	33,987
TOTAL REVENUES		681,940		681,940		781,698		99,758
EXPENDITURES		,		,		,		
Current:								
Materials and services		9,600		11,600		11,397		203
Capital outlay		945,160		943,160		425,217		517,943
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		954,760		954,760		436,614		518,146
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(272,820)		(272,820)		345,084		617,904
OTHER ENLANGING COURGES (MCFG)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(77,180)		(77,180)		(77,180)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(77,180)		(77,180)		(77,180)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(350,000)		(350,000)		267,904		617,904
FUND BALANCE - beginning		350,000		350,000		715,929		365,929
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$		\$			983,833	\$	983,833
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:								
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(12,910)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	970,923		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Buc	dget			Vai	iance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Interest	\$ 7,000	\$	7,000	\$ 7,462	\$	462
TOTAL REVENUES	 7,000		7,000	 7,462		462
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Materials and services	36,900		36,900	21,261		15,639
Contingency	 126,650		126,650	 -		126,650
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 163,550		163,550	 21,261		142,289
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (156,550)		(156,550)	 (13,799)		142,751
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(156,550)		(156,550)	(13,799)		142,751
FUND BALANCE - beginning	 156,550		156,550	 152,524		(4,026)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 	\$		138,725	\$	138,725
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:						
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments				(5,355)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis				\$ 133,370		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SOUTHWEST URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Bu	dget			V	ariance with
	-	Original		Final	 Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$	134,000	\$	134,000	\$ 1,299,932 142	\$	1,165,932 142
Interest		9,000		9,000	 43,835		34,835
TOTAL REVENUES		143,000		143,000	 1,343,909		1,200,909
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		143,000		143,000	1,343,909		1,200,909
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		143,000		143,000	1,343,909		1,200,909
FUND BALANCE - beginning		132,000		132,000	137,552		5,552
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	275,000	\$	275,000	1,481,461	\$	1,206,461
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments					(17,893)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					 1,463,568		

# CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TUALATIN CITY SERVICES BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Buc	lget			Va	riance with
	(	Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES							
Interest	\$	3,850	\$	3,850	\$ 2,911	\$	(939)
TOTAL REVENUES		3,850		3,850	 2,911		(939)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		300,000		300,000	103,841		196,159
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		300,000		300,000	 103,841		196,159
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(296,150)		(296,150)	 (100,930)		195,220
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(296,150)		(296,150)	(100,930)		195,220
FUND BALANCE - beginning		296,150		296,150	 100,930		(195,220)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	

# CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024
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	Budget					Variance with	
		Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES							
Fees and charges	\$	1,790,500	\$	1,790,500	\$ 2,044,084	\$	253,584
Interest		8,000		8,000	 112,761		104,761
TOTAL REVENUES		1,798,500		1,798,500	 2,156,845		358,345
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Materials and services		4,000		4,000	300		3,700
Capital outlay		2,744,510		2,703,940	 129,944		2,573,996
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,748,510		2,707,940	130,244		2,577,696
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(950,010)		(909,440)	2,026,601		2,936,041
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		(74,450)		(115,020)	 (111,485)		3,535
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)		(74,450)		(115,020)	 (111,485)		3,535
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,024,460)		(1,024,460)	1,915,116		2,939,576
FUND BALANCE - beginning		1,024,460		1,024,460	 2,018,741		994,281
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	-	\$	-	3,933,857	\$	3,933,857
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:							
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments					 (49,332)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$ 3,884,525		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TRANSPORTATION PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget							Variance with	
		Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Interest	\$	105,000	\$	105,000	\$	28,539	\$	(76,461)	
TOTAL REVENUES		105,000		105,000		28,539		(76,461)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Materials and services		5,700		5,700		1,699		4,001	
Capital outlay		3,306,000		3,306,000		3,197,888		108,112	
Contingency		211,640		211,640				211,640	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,523,340		3,523,340		3,199,587		323,753	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,418,340)		(3,418,340)	_	(3,171,048)		247,292	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(279,160)		(279,160)		(279,160)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		(279,160)		(279,160)		(279,160)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,697,500)		(3,697,500)		(3,450,208)		247,292	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		3,697,500		3,697,500		3,450,208		(247,292)	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON LEVETON TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget						Variance with	
		Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	25,556	\$	(14,444)
TOTAL REVENUES		40,000		40,000		25,556		(14,444)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		2,895,240		2,895,240		2,840,880		54,360
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,895,240		2,895,240		2,840,880		54,360
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,855,240)		(2,855,240)		(2,815,324)		39,916
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(132,220)		(132,220)		(132,220)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(132,220)		(132,220)		(132,220)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,987,460)		(2,987,460)		(2,947,544)		39,916
FUND BALANCE - beginning		2,987,460		2,987,460		2,947,544		(39,916)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Water Operations
  - Water Fund
  - Water Development Fund
  - Enterprise Bond Fund
- > Sewer Operations
  - Sewer Fund
  - Sewer Development Fund
- > Stormwater Operations
  - Stormwater Fund
  - Stormwater Development Fund

	Water Fund	Water Development Fund	Enterprise Bond Fund	Total Water Operations			
REVENUES							
Charges for service	\$ 9,016,397	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,016,397			
Fees and charges	25,069	1,153,911	-	1,178,980			
Interest	413,988	72,311	9,781	496,080			
Miscellaneous	6,392			6,392			
TOTAL REVENUES	9,461,846	1,226,222	9,781	10,697,849			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Personal services	868,639	-	-	868,639			
Materials and services	4,407,605	-	495	4,408,100			
Capital outlay	2,640,027	-	-	2,640,027			
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	873,723	873,723			
Interest			113,012	113,012			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,916,271		987,230	8,903,501			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,545,575	1,226,222	(977,449)	1,794,348			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	515,640	_	861,735	1,377,375			
Transfers out	(1,703,269)	(591,610)		(2,294,879)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)	(1 197 620)	(591,610)	861,735	(017 504)			
SOURCES (USES)	(1,187,629)	(391,010)	801,733	(917,504)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	357,946	634,612	(115,714)	876,844			
FUND BALANCE - beginning	11,518,411	1,396,899	443,531	13,358,841			
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 11,876,357	\$ 2,031,511	\$ 327,817	14,235,685			
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP I Adjustment for unrealized gain (loss) on investme	nts			(165,548)			
Adjustment for compensated absences being accru				(48,663)			
Adjustment for other post employement benefit re				6,285			
Adjustment for other post employement benefit re			ing accrued	(6,557)			
Adjustment for net other post employment benefit		ued		(26,991)			
Adjustment for net pension liability being accrued				(853,374)			
Adjustment for pension related deferred outflows				323,014			
Adjustment for pension related deferred inflows of	f resources being ac	crued		(85,948)			
Adjustment for interest payable being accrued				(2,896)			
Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated				2,321,323			
Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated				29,021,633			
Adjustment for bonds payable, due within one year	r			(490,000)			
Adjustment for long term bonds payable				(505,000)			
Adjustment for bond premium				(40,499)			
Adjustment for deferred charge on refunding				24,588			
NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS				\$ 43,707,052			

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget						Variance with		
	Original Final		Actual		Final Budget				
REVENUES									
Charges for service	\$	8,390,725	\$	8,390,725	\$	9,016,397	\$	625,672	
Fees and charges		26,500		26,500		25,069		(1,431)	
Interest		350,000		350,000		413,988		63,988	
Miscellaneous		2,200		2,200		6,392		4,192	
TOTAL REVENUES		8,769,425		8,769,425		9,461,846		692,421	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Personal services		1,029,780		1,029,780		868,639		161,141	
Materials and services		4,546,355		4,546,355		4,407,605		138,750	
Capital outlay		3,935,560		3,935,560		2,640,027		1,295,533	
Contingency		1,413,400		1,413,400				1,413,400	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		10,925,095		10,925,095		7,916,271		3,008,824	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,155,670)		(2,155,670)		1,545,575		3,701,245	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		1,491,800		1,491,800		515,640		(976,160)	
Transfers out		(1,704,600)		(1,704,600)		(1,703,269)		1,331	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		(212,800)		(212,800)		(1,187,629)		(974,829)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,368,470)		(2,368,470)		357,946		2,726,416	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		9,095,340		9,095,340	_	11,518,411		2,423,071	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	6,726,870	\$	6,726,870	\$	11,876,357	\$	5,149,487	

# CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget						Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES								
Fees and charges	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	1,153,911	\$	803,911
Interest		50,000		50,000		72,311		22,311
TOTAL REVENUES		400,000		400,000		1,226,222		826,222
EVERGE (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIES								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		400.000		400.000		1 227 222		926 222
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		400,000	_	400,000		1,226,222		826,222
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(1,543,380)		(1,570,095)		(591,610)		978,485
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(1,543,380)		(1,570,095)		(591,610)		978,485
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,143,380)		(1,170,095)		634,612		1,804,707
FUND BALANCE - beginning		1,201,810	_	1,201,810		1,396,899		195,089
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	58,430	\$	31,715	\$	2,031,511	\$	1,999,796

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ENTERPRISE BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES									
Interest	\$	15,420	\$	15,420	\$	9,781	\$	(5,639)	
TOTAL REVENUES		15,420		15,420		9,781		(5,639)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Materials and services		495		495		495		-	
Debt service:									
Principal		875,970		875,970		873,723		2,247 *	
Interest		114,085		114,085		113,012		1,073 *	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		990,550		990,550		987,230		3,320	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(975,130)		(975,130)		(977,449)		(2,319)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		865,060		865,060		861,735		(3,325)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		865,060		865,060		861,735		(3,325)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(110,070)		(110,070)		(115,714)		(5,644)	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		440,500		440,500		443,531		3,031	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	330,430	\$	330,430	\$	327,817	\$	(2,613)	

<sup>\*</sup> Appropriation level is debt service.

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER OPERATIONS COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Sewer Fund	Sewer Development Fund	Total Sewer Operations
REVENUES Charges for service Fees and charges Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 2,675,023 134,571 1,284,835	\$ 50,568 147,739	\$ 2,675,023 50,568 282,310 1,284,835
TOTAL REVENUES	4,094,429	198,307	4,292,736
EXPENDITURES  Current: Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay	577,364 568,296 1,337,916	- - -	577,364 568,296 1,337,916
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,483,576		2,483,576
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,610,853	198,307	1,809,160
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out  TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	192,030 (1,043,037) (851,007)	(48,415) (48,415)	192,030 (1,091,452) (899,422)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	759,846	149,892	909,738
FUND BALANCE - beginning	3,351,630	3,739,023	7,090,653
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 4,111,476	\$ 3,888,915	8,000,391
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for unrealized gain (loss) on investments Adjustment for compensated absences being accrued Adjustment for other post employement benefit related deferred Adjustment for net other post employement benefit liability being Adjustment for net pension liability being accrued Adjustment for pension related deferred outflows of resources Adjustment for pension related deferred inflows of resources Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	(88,890) (23,783) 3,714 (3,874) (15,948) (504,211) 190,851 (50,782) 1,373,092 14,155,213		
NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS			\$ 23,035,773

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget					Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Charges for service	\$	2,554,345	\$	2,554,345	\$	2,675,023	\$	120,678
Intergovernmental		3,184,000		3,184,000		-		(3,184,000)
Interest		105,000		105,000		134,571		29,571
Miscellaneous	_					1,284,835		1,284,835
TOTAL REVENUES		5,843,345		5,843,345		4,094,429		(1,748,916)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personal services		581,920		581,920		577,364		4,556
Materials and services		572,875		572,875		568,296		4,579
Capital outlay		3,450,000		3,450,000		1,337,916		2,112,084
Contingency		690,035		690,035				690,035
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,294,830		5,294,830		2,483,576		2,811,254
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
` /		5 4 0 5 1 5		E 40 E 1 E		1 (10 952		1.062.220
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		548,515		548,515		1,610,853		1,062,338
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		192,030		192,030		192,030		-
Transfers out		(1,043,870)		(1,043,870)		(1,043,037)		833
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	_	(851,840)		(851,840)		(851,007)		833
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(303,325)		(303,325)		759,846		1,063,171
FUND BALANCE - beginning		2,876,900		2,876,900		3,351,630		474,730
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	2,573,575	\$	2,573,575	\$	4,111,476	\$	1,537,901

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget					Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES								
Fees and charges	\$	24,000	\$	24,000	\$	50,568	\$	26,568
Interest		129,500		129,500		147,739		18,239
TOTAL REVENUES		153,500		153,500	_	198,307		44,807
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		153,500		153,500		198,307		44,807
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(16,250)		(51,485)		(48,415)		3,070
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(16,250)		(51,485)		(48,415)		3,070
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		137,250		102,015		149,892		47,877
FUND BALANCE - beginning		3,510,800		3,510,800		3,739,023		228,223
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	3,648,050	\$	3,612,815	\$	3,888,915	\$	276,100

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORMWATER OPERATIONS COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Stormwater Fund	Stormwater Development Fund	Total Stormwater Operations		
REVENUES					
Charges for service	\$ 3,078,263	\$ -	\$ 3,078,263		
Fines and forfeitures	23,783	-	23,783		
Fees and charges	223,239	28,694	251,933		
Interest	336,613	22,162	358,775		
TOTAL REVENUES	3,661,898	50,856	3,712,754		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Materials and services	906,945	-	906,945		
Capital outlay	58		58		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	907,003		907,003		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,754,895	50,856	2,805,751		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(1,063,977)	(40,805)	(1,104,782)		
Transfers out	(1,003,977)	(40,803)	(1,104,762)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	(1,063,977)	(40,805)	(1,104,782)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,690,918	10,051	1,700,969		
FUND BALANCE - beginning	8,133,938	579,893	8,713,831		
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 9,824,856	\$ 589,944	10,414,800		
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASI Adjustment for unrealized gain (loss) on investments Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depre NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS			(124,708) 8,891 5,981,284 \$ 16,280,267		
NET TOSTITON - GAAF DASIS			φ 10,280,207		

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORMWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bu	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Charges for service	\$ 2,902,880	\$ 2,902,880	\$ 3,078,263	\$ 175,383
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	23,783	23,783
Fees and charges	_	-	223,239	223,239
Interest	244,980	244,980	336,613	91,633
TOTAL REVENUES	3,147,860	3,147,860	3,661,898	514,038
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Materials and services	946,455	946,455	906,945	39,510
Capital outlay	1,110,000	1,110,000	58	1,109,942
Contingency	468,140	468,140		468,140
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,524,595	2,524,595	907,003	1,617,592
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	623,265	623,265	2,754,895	2,131,630
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(1,064,470)	(1,064,470)	(1,063,977)	493
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(1,064,470)	(1,064,470)	(1,063,977)	493
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(441,205)	(441,205)	1,690,918	2,132,123
FUND BALANCE - beginning	6,416,060	6,416,060	8,133,938	1,717,878
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 5,974,855	\$ 5,974,855	\$ 9,824,856	\$ 3,850,001

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORMWATER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

FUND BALANCE - beginning

FUND BALANCE - ending

		Buc	lget			Var	iance with
	(	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES							
Fees and charges	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 28,694	\$	18,694
Interest		15,750		15,750	 22,162		6,412
TOTAL REVENUES		25,750		25,750	 50,856		25,106
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Capital outlay		200,000		200,000	_		200,000
Contingency		347,610		346,650	 		346,650
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		547,610		546,650			546,650
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(521,860)		(520,900)	50,856		571,756
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(39,930)		(40,890)	(40,805)		85
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(39,930)		(40,890)	 (40,805)		85
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(561,790)		(561,790)	10,051		571,841

561,790 561,790 579,893

18,103

## **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Internal Service Funds**

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Internal Service Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Vehicle Replacement Fund

#### CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON VEHICLE REPLACEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budget					Variance with	
		Original	_	Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES Charges for service Interest	\$	814,555 8,990	\$	814,555 8,990	\$	814,555 84,476	\$	75,486
TOTAL REVENUES		823,545		823,545		899,031		75,486
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		1,043,500		1,043,500		624,046		419,454
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,043,500		1,043,500		624,046		419,454
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(219,955)		(219,955)		274,985		494,940
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of general capital assets		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		26,701		26,701
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						26,701		26,701
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(219,955)		(219,955)		301,686		521,641
FUND BALANCE - beginning		1,852,700		1,852,700		1,917,996		65,296
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	1,632,745	\$	1,632,745		2,219,682	\$	586,937
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for unrealized gain (loss) on investments Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depr	reciat	ion				(27,749) 6,116 1,648,228 3,846,277		
NET FUSITION - GAAP DASIS					\$	3,040,277		

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### OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

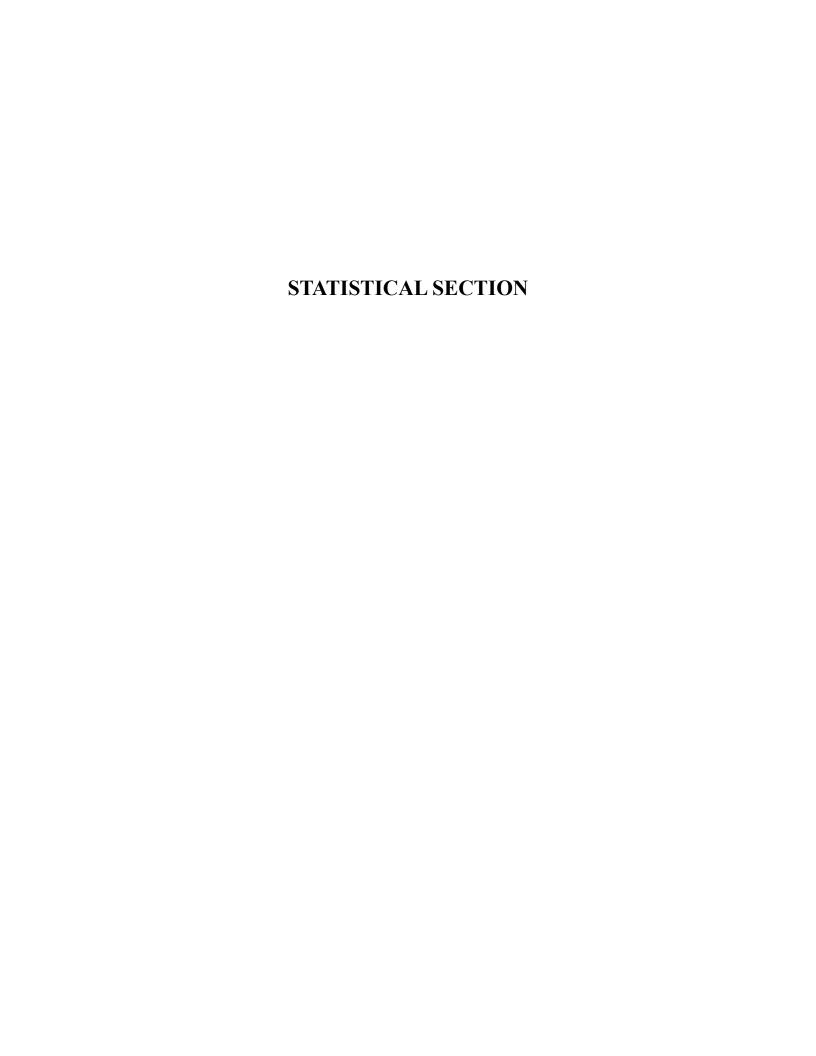
## CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND OUTSTANDING BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2023	Levy as Extended By Assessor	Discount	Interest	Adjustments	Collections	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2024
2023-2024	\$ -	\$ 18,730,452	\$ (508,405)	\$ 4,553	\$ (54,968)	\$ (17,967,301)	\$ 199,778
2022-2023	151,361	-	460	8,212	(17,989)	(80,438)	53,394
2021-2022	46,877	-	51	4,649	(2,514)	(17,666)	26,748
2020-2021	24,793	-	32	5,499	(1,254)	(12,797)	10,774
2019-2020	10,504	-	1	2,554	(620)	(5,217)	4,668
2018-2019	3,865	-	1	769	(231)	(1,098)	2,537
Prior years	7,270			898	(171)	(853)	6,246
Totals	\$ 244,670	\$ 18,730,452	\$ (507,860)	\$ 27,134	\$ (77,747)	\$ (18,085,370)	\$ 304,145

Taxes receivable classified by fund:	
General Fund	\$ 218,061
General Obligation Bond Fund	71,861
Southwest Urban Renewal District Bond Fund	 14,223
	\$ 304,145

## CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER FUND 5 YEAR HISTORICAL RESULTS

	2020		2021	2022	 2023	 2024
REVENUES:						
Charges for service	\$ 6,773,45	3	\$ 7,558,417	\$ 7,682,391	\$ 8,615,391	\$ 9,016,397
Fees and charges	26,86	8	19,150	3,210	14,352	25,069
Interest	139,39	9	76,614	63,813	264,854	413,988
Miscellaneous	352,86	1	2,750	4,700	 11,311	 6,392
Total revenues	7,292,58	1	7,656,931	7,754,114	8,905,908	9,461,846
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Personal services	810,54	4	830,520	882,871	964,860	868,639
Materials and services	3,495,76	9	3,439,601	3,171,708	3,712,733	4,407,605
Capital outlay	261,11	3	62,359	363,383	 1,011,980	 2,640,027
Total expenditures	4,567,42	6_	4,332,480	4,417,962	 5,689,573	 7,916,271
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	2,725,15	5	3,324,451	3,336,152	 3,216,335	 1,545,575
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	)					
Transfers in	62,20	6	17,186	112,478	475,576	515,640
Transfers out	(2,854,27	0)	(1,961,600)	(1,945,928)	 (1,805,844)	 (1,703,269)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,792,06	4)	(1,944,414)	(1,833,450)	 (1,330,268)	 (1,187,629)
Net change in fund balances	(66,90	9)	1,380,037	1,502,702	1,886,067	357,946
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	6,816,51	4_	6,749,605	8,129,642	 9,632,344	 11,518,411
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 6,749,60	5	\$ 8,129,642	\$ 9,632,344	\$ 11,518,411	\$ 11,876,357



#### STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the overall financial health of the City of Tualatin.

#### FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

#### **DEBT CAPACITY**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

#### **OPERATING INFORMATION**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

## NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2024	2023	2022 (restated)	2021
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 98,289,105	\$ 91,228,899	\$ 87,045,666	\$ 88,344,914
Restricted for special purposes	27,290,368	31,549,668	26,390,038	19,707,511
Unrestricted	 (572,521)	(4,470,786)	(1,498,011)	 (1,540,508)
Total governmental activities	\$ 125,006,952	\$ 118,307,781	\$ 111,937,693	\$ 106,511,917
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 51,757,793	\$ 45,853,126	\$ 45,529,130	\$ 45,767,242
Restricted for special purposes	6,442,274	5,731,496	1,512,487	1,326,070
Unrestricted	 24,823,025	21,635,484	22,842,280	 20,360,715
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 83,023,092	\$ 73,220,106	\$ 69,883,897	\$ 67,454,027
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 150,046,898	\$ 137,082,025	\$ 132,574,796	\$ 134,112,156
Restricted for special purposes	33,732,642	37,281,164	27,902,525	21,033,581
Unrestricted	 24,250,504	17,164,698	21,344,269	 18,820,207
Total primary government net position	\$ 208,030,044	\$ 191,527,887	\$ 181,821,590	\$ 173,965,944

2020	2019	2018	2017 (restated)	2016	2015 (restated)
\$ 86,795,235 23,120,100 (2,190,512)	\$ 88,026,572 17,883,651 (1,565,440)	\$ 87,689,070 17,684,108 (2,873,654)	\$ 89,406,263 15,999,817 (1,224,674)	\$ 92,714,377 15,691,594 (299,018)	\$ 92,025,421 16,106,005 5,747,426
\$ 107,724,823	\$ 104,344,783	\$ 102,499,524	\$ 104,181,406	\$ 108,106,953	\$ 113,878,852
\$ 46,962,956 1,314,478 18,280,153	\$ 47,494,937 5,429,897 14,634,231	\$ 48,401,428 5,665,182 13,190,009	\$ 47,820,158 5,326,945 11,159,067	\$ 48,485,673 5,309,622 9,882,033	\$ 48,216,410 5,042,785 8,860,551
\$ 66,557,587	\$ 67,559,065	\$ 67,256,619	\$ 64,306,170	\$ 63,677,328	\$ 62,119,746
\$ 133,758,191 24,434,578 16,089,641	\$ 135,521,509 23,313,548 13,068,791	\$ 136,090,498 23,349,290 10,316,355	\$ 137,226,421 21,326,762 9,934,393	\$ 141,200,050 21,001,216 9,583,015	\$ 140,241,831 21,148,790 14,607,977
\$ 174,282,410	\$ 171,903,848	\$ 169,756,143	\$ 168,487,576	\$ 171,784,281	\$ 175,998,598

		2024	2023		2022	2021
Expenses						
Governmental activities:  General government Public Safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Urban renewal	\$	14,088,686 11,989,481 7,746,853 6,902,619	\$ 11,157,189 10,452,673 8,135,001 6,238,210	\$	9,821,910 9,758,499 6,560,718 5,724,066	\$ 10,333,739 10,956,022 6,540,062 6,089,919
Interest on long-term debt		1,094,065	 501,784		582,242	 677,481
Total governmental activities expenses		41,821,704	 36,484,857		32,447,435	 34,597,223
Business-type activities Charges for services Water Sewer Stormwater	_	6,794,294 2,937,469 1,134,425	 6,305,942 10,080,898 1,843,112		5,686,173 10,735,959 1,999,040	 6,043,124 8,656,337 1,601,097
Total business-type activities expenses		10,866,188	18,229,952		18,421,172	16,300,558
Total Expenses	\$	52,687,892	\$ 54,714,809	\$	50,868,607	\$ 50,897,781
Program revenues						
Governmental activities Charges for services General government Public Safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$	5,583,433 1,091,019 3,536,308 324,777 684,806 3,321,115	\$ 4,546,482 1,225,305 3,150,462 321,431 771,076 2,614,776	\$	4,880,066 1,341,304 4,274,540 102,839 165,185 305,433	\$ 839,211 1,502,036 2,342,771 107,960 1,306,028 479,582
Total governmental activities program revenues		14,541,458	12,629,532		11,069,367	6,577,588
Business-type activities Charges for services Water Sewer Stormwater Capital grants and contributions		10,195,377 2,725,591 3,353,979 4,652,593	8,964,441 10,937,843 3,938,072 533,906		7,987,031 11,559,860 3,968,323 100,000	7,626,402 8,779,501 3,454,755 313,549
Total business-type activities program revenues		20,927,540	24,374,262		23,615,214	20,174,207
Total program revenues	\$	35,468,998	\$ 37,003,794	\$	34,684,581	\$ 26,751,795
Net (expense)/revenues						
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(27,280,246) 10,061,352	\$ (23,855,325) 6,144,310	\$	(21,378,068) 5,194,042	\$ (28,019,635) 3,873,649
Total net expenses	\$	(17,218,894)	\$ (17,711,015)	\$	(16,184,026)	\$ (24,145,986)
•			 	_		 <u>_</u>

2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
\$ 9,813,476 10,905,816 6,755,745 6,453,498	\$	9,307,642 9,618,099 6,218,228 5,915,477	\$	8,820,817 9,395,927 6,512,541 5,807,210	\$	8,601,383 9,376,700 5,766,575 5,610,846	\$	9,588,149 11,314,546 5,336,161 5,989,878	\$ 6,057,498 5,942,679 4,586,849 3,769,534
 757,327 34,685,862		732,891		278,911		306,991 29,662,495	-	353,882	 317,574
 34,000,002		31,792,337		30,815,406	_	29,002,495	_	32,582,616	 20,674,134
5,786,256 8,830,709 1,575,023		6,150,565 8,654,399 1,576,322		4,588,472 7,988,987 1,537,004		4,536,689 7,974,785 1,308,024		4,666,131 8,406,184 1,536,685	 4,973,697 7,392,084 1,449,680
 16,191,988	,	16,381,286	'	14,114,463		13,819,498		14,609,000	 13,815,461
\$ 50,877,850	\$	48,173,623	\$	44,929,869	\$	43,481,993	\$	47,191,616	\$ 34,489,595
\$ 2,005,357 1,361,646 3,662,253 289,944 533,644 365,513	\$	1,328,911 1,766,201 3,123,244 311,017 179,956 86,004	\$	1,828,717 1,347,548 3,838,628 291,863 147,249 552,878	\$	1,552,827 1,400,454 1,841,947 201,798 209,704 30,210	\$	1,811,857 1,255,128 2,650,628 290,094 146,802 455,604	\$ 2,497,798 1,583,770 2,613,764 279,051 482,911
8,218,357		6,795,333		8,006,883		5,236,940		6,610,113	7,457,294
6,976,940 9,328,325 3,469,983 115,339		7,518,166 8,624,206 3,154,990 336,979		7,109,610 8,480,478 2,905,264 1,778,004		6,270,314 8,273,184 2,726,287 45,280		6,463,535 8,886,824 2,608,638 648,420	6,116,285 7,771,356 2,320,189 827,464
 19,890,587		19,634,341		20,273,356		17,315,065		18,607,417	 17,035,294
\$ 28,108,944	\$	26,429,674	\$	28,280,239	\$	22,552,005	\$	25,217,530	\$ 24,492,588
\$ (26,467,505) 3,698,599	\$	(24,997,004) 3,253,055	\$	(22,808,523) 6,158,893	\$	(24,425,555) 3,495,567	\$	(25,972,503) 3,998,417	\$ (13,216,840) 3,219,833
\$ (22,768,906)	\$	(21,743,949)	\$	(16,649,630)	\$	(20,929,988)	\$	(21,974,086)	\$ (9,997,007)

		2024		2023		2022		2021
General revenues and other changes in net position		_		_		_		
Governmental activities								
Taxes and assessments	\$	24,813,816	\$	22,079,048	\$	24,270,378	\$	20,509,296
Licenses and permits		3,030,364		2,913,434		2,703,505		2,619,480
Miscellaneous		3,213,529		1,606,998		(297,902)		483,383
Transfers		2,921,708		3,625,933		3,219,370		3,194,570
Total governmental activities		33,979,417		30,225,413		29,895,351		26,806,729
Business-type activities								
Miscellaneous		2,663,342		817,832		455,198		217,361
Transfers		(2,921,708)		(3,625,933)		(3,219,370)		(3,194,570)
Total business-type activities		(258,366)		(2,808,101)		(2,764,172)		(2,977,209)
Total	\$	33,721,051	\$	27,417,312	\$	27,131,179	\$	23,829,520
		00,121,001	Ψ	27,117,012	Ψ	27,101,170	<u> </u>	20,020,020
Change in net position	•	0.000.474	•	0.070.000	•	0.547.000	•	(4.040.000)
Governmental activities	\$	6,699,171	\$	6,370,088	\$	8,517,283	\$	(1,212,906)
Business-type activities		9,802,986		3,336,209		2,429,870		896,440
Total	¢.	16 500 157	¢	0.706.207	φ	10 047 152	æ	(246.466)
Total		16,502,157	\$	9,706,297	Ф	10,947,153	\$	(316,466)

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	2020	 2019	 2018	2017		2016		2015
\$	19,667,867	\$ 19,073,250	\$ 15,363,366	\$ 14,680,977	\$	15,397,943	\$	14,298,091
	2,440,018	2,429,676	2,366,393	2,192,857		2,197,426		2,213,242
	2,313,010	1,833,807	725,044	524,761		404,888		929,624
	5,426,650	 3,505,530	 3,496,958	 3,101,413		2,586,832		2,316,940
	29,847,545	26,842,263	21,951,761	20,500,008		20,587,089		19,757,897
	700 570	554.004	044.074	004.000		445.007		00.000
	726,573	554,921	311,671	234,688		145,997		89,399
	(5,426,650)	 (3,505,530)	 (3,496,958)	 (3,101,413)		(2,586,832)		(2,316,940)
	(4,700,077)	(2,950,609)	(3,185,287)	(2,866,725)		(2,440,835)		(2,227,541)
_	05 445 400		10 -00 1-1	4= 000 000	_		•	47 500 050
\$	25,147,468	\$ 23,891,654	\$ 18,766,474	\$ 17,633,283	\$	18,146,254	\$	17,530,356
\$	3,380,040	\$ 1,845,259	\$ (856,762)	\$ (3,925,547)	\$	(5,385,414)	\$	6,541,057
	(1,001,478)	 302,446	 2,973,606	 628,842		1,557,582		992,292
\$	2,378,562	\$ 2,147,705	\$ 2,116,844	\$ (3,296,705)	\$	(3,827,832)	\$	7,533,349

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2024	2023	2022	2021	
General Fund Nonspendable Unassigned	\$ 103,262 16,000,248	\$ 142,572 15,350,850	\$ 93,395 14,205,500	\$	72,778 13,260,489
Total general fund	\$ 16,103,510	\$ 15,493,422	\$ 14,298,895	\$	13,333,267
All other governmental funds					
Unreserved, reported in:					
Capital projects funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Nonspendable					
Inventory	55,537	50,179	51,740		71,481
Restricted for:					
Building and engineering	709,446	951,694	916,414		1,353,274
Street and roadside maintenance	3,756,769	3,761,445	3,409,105		2,801,796
Debt service payments	192,256	346,363	178,312		142,465
Capital projects	25,989,310	33,959,230	25,570,991		28,257,696
Urban renewal projects	1,596,938	3,028,808	3,398,287		3,695,772
Community education	30,000	-	-		-
Committed to:					
ARPA	22,839	22,839	3,060,795		<u>-</u>
Pavement maintenace and street lighting	1,192,021	941,220	1,338,820		895,077
Parking maintenance	294,661	263,039	228,733		203,803
Parks capital and maintenance	970,923	702,071	589,596		-
Assigned to:					
Scholarships	51,483	50,083	49,581		50,247
Capital projects	 	 	 		713,071
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 34,862,183	\$ 44,076,971	\$ 38,792,374	\$	38,184,682

2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 75,102 11,565,009	\$ 76,094 13,341,945	\$ 79,900 10,528,381	\$ 137,060 9,918,282	\$ 116,121 8,347,295	\$ 81,795 7,474,727
\$ 11,640,111	\$ 13,418,039	\$ 10,608,281	\$ 10,055,342	\$ 8,463,416	\$ 7,556,522
\$ -	\$ (156,399)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
66,569	46,001	44,697	17,807	24,138	36,164
2,143,427 2,823,684 164,838 34,552,993 3,826,265	2,061,501 2,265,867 124,465 31,657,339 3,876,362	2,013,372 1,617,439 63,195 10,037,958 3,952,144	1,814,179 2,185,622 76,598 7,906,876 4,016,542	1,857,722 2,545,434 93,706 7,029,512 4,165,220	1,744,129 1,040,146 285,945 8,685,673 4,304,445
525,610 188,664	399,869 163,114	310,272 134,595	437,794 159,361	137,129 149,356	54,279 146,188
50,976	51,111 -	51,233	50,878	50,729	50,804
\$ 44,343,026	\$ 40,489,230	\$ 18,224,905	\$ 16,665,657	\$ 16,052,946	\$ 16,347,773

	 2024	2023	 2022	2021
REVENUES		 	_	_
Property taxes	\$ 18,142,697	\$ 15,175,386	\$ 14,442,705	\$ 13,778,555
Licenses and permits	1,216,158	1,332,846	1,014,797	734,165
Fees and charges	6,771,806	5,017,419	7,731,979	2,510,038
Intergovernmental	8,519,527	8,022,981	10,399,301	7,974,124
Franchise tax	3,030,364	2,913,434	2,703,505	2,619,480
Charges for services	887,679	1,040,509	579,037	397,793
Fines and forfeitures	681,139	837,058	1,113,265	1,149,982
Miscellaneous	3,501,262	1,596,685	(255,315)	578,318
Total Revenue	42,750,632	35,936,318	37,729,274	29,742,455
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government	10,098,998	9,689,144	8,721,424	9,211,071
Public safety	11,292,325	10,433,770	9,974,287	9,500,841
Highways & Streets	4,476,629	5,095,078	3,598,826	3,458,828
Culture and recreation	5,691,514	5,402,344	5,052,771	4,689,106
Urban renewal	0,001,014	0,402,044	0,002,777	-,000,100
Capital outlay	18,019,692	12,946,600	9,066,425	12,244,646
Debt service	10,010,002	12,040,000	0,000,420	12,244,040
Interest	1,573,249	835,500	934.000	1,026,750
Principal	3,150,000	2,245,000	2,050,000	1,855,000
Issuance Costs	5,150,000	169,743	2,030,000	42,800
Total expenditures	 54,302,407	 46,817,179	 39,397,733	 42,029,042
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(11 551 775)	(10 000 061)	(1 669 450)	(12 206 507)
EXPENDITORES	(11,551,775)	(10,880,861)	(1,668,459)	(12,286,587)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	6,545,906	6,276,080	6,754,456	5,991,710
Transfers out	(3,624,198)	(3,171,203)	(3,535,086)	(2,797,140)
Sale of general capital assets	729	-	22,409	26,829
Bond and notes issued	-	15,000,000	-	4,600,000
Bonds and note premium	-	2,346,615	-	-
Loan proceeds	 	 -	 	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,922,437	20,451,492	3,241,779	7,821,399
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (8,629,338)	\$ 9,570,631	\$ 1,573,320	\$ (4,465,188)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital		-	-	
expenditures <sup>1</sup>	12.07%	9.07%	9.52%	9.59%
•	.=	 2.27.70	 5.5270	 2.2270

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Series 2005 and 2006 General Obligation Bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2019, resulting in a signficant increase in Debt Serv expenditures.

 2020	2019	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015
\$ 13,261,634 1,344,072 3,697,521 6,875,452 2,440,018 1,285,186 1,168,796 2,352,861 32,425,540	\$ 12,941,472 1,101,399 3,250,503 6,515,075 2,429,676 884,675 1,441,208 1,897,113	\$ 10,290,120 946,352 4,328,619 5,156,715 2,366,393 979,223 1,085,542 779,469 25,932,433	\$ 9,888,927 854,097 2,181,130 4,896,115 2,192,857 846,896 1,147,883 574,006	\$ 9,528,110 4,034,429 - 5,901,009 2,197,426 994,699 1,008,765 437,286 24,101,724	\$ 9,171,688 4,854,016 - 5,141,871 2,213,242 790,191 1,359,978 897,349 24,428,335
 32,425,540	 30,461,121	 25,932,433	 22,581,911	 24,101,724	24,428,335
9,091,557 10,179,605 3,747,083 5,324,619	7,716,624 8,913,301 3,187,568 4,824,486	7,074,509 8,630,413 3,415,760 4,714,764	6,602,167 8,296,042 2,558,647 4,470,485	5,946,162 8,053,048 2,031,604 4,207,790	6,089,223 7,651,922 2,249,123 3,936,035
4,630,847	4,544,686	2,417,056	1,630,065	4,114,432	1,915,307
1,108,611 1,695,000	970,362 5,900,000	198,406 765,000	230,125 735,000	259,338 700,000	286,719 675,000
35,777,322	36,057,027	27,215,908	24,522,531	25,312,374	22,803,329
(3,351,782)	(5,595,906)	(1,283,475)	(1,940,620)	(1,210,650)	1,625,006
10,317,149 (4,890,499) 1,000	6,244,182 (2,738,652) 18,170 23,750,000 3,396,289	5,455,597 (2,064,187) 4,252 -	6,205,313 (2,083,479) 23,423	5,815,263 (3,606,061) - - -	3,521,120 (1,589,920) - - -
5,427,650	30,669,989	3,395,662	4,145,257	2,209,202	1,931,200
\$ 2,075,868	\$ 25,074,083	\$ 2,112,187	\$ 2,204,637	\$ 998,552	\$ 3,556,206
8.98%	 21.36%	 3.78%	 4.08%	 4.48%	4.59%

rice as a percentage of non-capital

#### **CITY OF TUALATIN**

#### TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

Fiscal	Special									
Year	Property 1	Assessments <sup>2</sup>	Total							
2024	18,142,697		18,142,697							
2023	15,175,386	<del>-</del>	15,175,386							
2022	14,442,705	<del>-</del>	14,442,705							
2021	13,778,555	<del>-</del>	13,778,555							
2020	13,261,634	<del>-</del>	13,261,634							
2019	12,941,472	<del>-</del>	12,941,472							
2018	10,290,120	<del>-</del>	10,290,120							
2017	9,888,927	<del>-</del>	9,888,927							
2016	9,528,110	<del>-</del>	9,528,110							
2015	9,171,688	-	9,171,688							

Source: Washington and Clackamas Counties

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes current and prior property tax revenue and interest earned; deducts write offs for general property taxes and tax increment revenues.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Special assessment billings are for local improvement district assessments which are paid to the City by the benefited property owners over a ten to fifteen year period.

## CITY OF TUALATIN ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

Fiscal	Rea	l Property	Persona	ıl Property*	Public Utilit	ty Property	T	otal		Ratio of Total Assessed to Total
Year		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated	Total	Estimated
Ended	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Direct	Actual
June 30,	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value**	Value	Tax Rate	Value
2024	5,041,775,449	9,620,354,654	310,583,687	323,762,073	306,154,329	313,420,059	5,658,513,465	10,257,536,786	3.1085	55%
2023	4,849,273,013	8,968,915,670	298,621,289	296,373,026	290,555,700	291,105,859	5,438,450,002	9,556,394,555	2.8477	57%
2022	4,657,629,796	7,751,052,135	295,563,627	303,074,885	225,028,300	147,876,205	5,178,221,723	8,202,003,225	2.8645	63%
2021	4,503,738,975	7,342,103,986	292,338,161	301,182,318	147,648,200	102,554,212	4,943,725,336	7,745,840,516	2.8579	64%
2020	4,347,546,566	6,789,031,578	278,847,699	285,007,689	102,359,700	94,349,571	4,728,753,965	7,168,388,838	2.8744	66%
2019	4,146,931,416	6,404,471,950	279,932,764	284,383,404	94,181,800	100,330,069	4,521,045,980	6,789,185,423	2.8858	67%
2018	3,905,253,670	5,776,077,086	256,221,457	258,768,137	98,743,157	100,673,639	4,260,218,284	6,135,518,862	2.4962	69%
2017	3,727,438,870	5,200,586,098	243,045,300	244,279,660	99,593,076	99,093,453	4,070,077,246	5,543,959,211	2.5060	73%
2016	3,577,897,121	4,723,504,068	237,766,065	238,156,855	88,163,700	101,133,802	3,903,826,886	5,062,794,725	2.5162	77%
2015	3,403,125,302	4,405,515,513	213,357,477	213,747,197	95,219,900	83,074,370	3,711,702,679	4,702,337,080	2.5345	79%

Source: Washington County and Clackamas County Assessors

<sup>\*</sup> Tax limitation Measure 50 results in a larger difference between market assessed value than were reportable in previous years.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Assessed value includes assessed value in the Urban Renewal Area.

### CITY OF TUALATIN PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City of Tualatin: General Government G.O. Bond	\$ 2.2232 0.8420	\$ 2.2618 0.5812	\$ 2.2665 0.5980	\$ 2.2665 0.5914	\$ 2.2665 0.6079	\$ 2.2665 0.6193	\$ 2.2665 0.2297	\$ 2.2665 0.2395	\$ 2.2665 0.2497	\$ 2.2700 0.2700
Total City	3.0652	2.8430	2.8645	2.8579	2.8744	2.8858	2.4962	2.5060	2.5162	2.5400
OVERLAPPING RATES:										
Washington County										
Washington County	2.9525	2.9993	3.0059	2.9558	2.9575	2.9583	2.9584	2.9593	2.8384	2.8400
	2.9525	2.9993	3.0059	2.9558	2.9575	2.9583	2.9584	2.9593	2.8384	2.8400
School District										
NW Regional ESD*	0.1505	0.1535	0.1538	0.1538	0.1538	0.1538	0.1538	0.1538	0.1538	0.1538
Portland Community College	0.6324	0.6688	0.6631	0.6798	0.6850	0.6874	0.6050	0.6785	0.5855	0.7200
Tigard-Tualatin School District #23J	7.7092	7.7278	7.7841	7.7900	7.7815	7.7537	7.7653	7.4513	7.4626	7.4600
	8.4921	8.5501	8.6010	8.6236	8.6203	8.5949	8.5241	8.2836	8.2019	8.3338
Special District										
Tualatin Soil & Water District	0.0718	0.0643	0.0825	0.0854	0.0825	0.0691	0.0779	-	-	-
Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue	2.0772	2.1093	2.1163	2.1167	2.0725	2.0839	2.0775	2.0978	2.1078	1.8900
Port of Portland	0.0687	0.0700	0.0701	0.0701	0.0701	0.0701	0.0701	0.0701	0.0701	0.0701
Metro Service District	0.5726	0.5659	0.5700	0.5900	0.6628	0.4727	0.4088	0.3970	0.3830	0.4600
Tigard Tualatin Aquatic	0.0893	0.0899	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900
Urban Renewal - Tualatin	0.1824	0.0244	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3.0620	2.9238	2.9289	2.9522	2.9779	2.7858	2.7243	2.6549	2.6509	2.5101
Total Overlapping	14.5066	14.4732	14.5358	14.5316	14.5557	14.3390	14.2068	13.8978	13.6912	13.6839
TOTAL	\$17.5718	\$17.3162	\$17.4003	\$17.3895	\$17.4301	\$17.2248	\$16.7030	\$16.4038	\$16.2074	\$16.2239

These rates are based on the tax code area of Tualatin which has the highest percentage of the City's Assessed Value (Tax Code 023.76). Rates within the City differ somewhat according to the other tax code categories which apply.

Source: Washington and Clackamas Counties

### CITY OF TUALATIN PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

June 30, 2024

		2024			2015	5
Taxpayer	1 Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	<sup>2</sup> Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Portland General Electric Co	\$ 223,757,000	1	3.95%	42,542,245	5	1.15%
Lam Research Corporation <sup>2</sup>	231,226,610	2	4.09%	93,080,900	2	2.51%
BV Centercal LLC	141,015,893	3	2.49%	108,523,100	1	2.92%
Campbell Soup Supply Company, LLC <sup>3</sup>	68,035,320	4	1.20%	51,555,660	3	1.39%
Pacific Realty Associates	58,689,530	5	1.04%	-		0.00%
Tuala Northeast LLC	56,469,380	6	1.00%	43,279,140	4	1.17%
JAE Oregon Inc	44,726,380	7	0.79%	27,632,450	7	0.74%
Mohawk St Property LLC	46,186,076	8	0.82%	-		0.00%
CR Rivercrest Meadows Communities LLC	36,229,940	9	0.64%	27,767,310	8	0.75%
KW Hedges Creek LLC	36,191,400	10	0.64%	-		0.00%
South Center Investors LLC	-		-	33,324,110	6	0.90%
SVF Hedges Creek Tualatin LLC	-		-	27,737,760	9	0.75%
Zian Limited Partnership	-		-	27,484,390	10	0.74%
	\$ 942,527,529	- -	16.66%	\$ 482,927,065		13.02%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Washington and Clackamas County Assessor's records

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Lam Research Corporation previously operated as Novellus Systems Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Campbell Soup Supply Company, LLC previously reported as Pacific Foods of Oregon, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Measure 50 rolled back the assessed value of each unit of property for the tax year 1977-98 to its 1995-96 "real market value", less 10%. Measure 50 limits any increase in assessed value, excluding major improvements, to 3% per year for the tax years after 1997-98.

### CITY OF TUALATIN PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collections	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent Delinquent Taxes To Tax Levy
2024	18,730,452	17,967,301	95.93%	118,069	18,085,370	96.56%	304,145	1.62%
2023	15,634,346	14,983,875	95.84%	164,199	15,148,074	96.89%	244,143	1.56%
2022	14,842,331	14,257,556	96.06%	172,922	14,430,478	97.23%	240,380	1.62%
2021	14,154,825	13,593,305	96.03%	156,626	13,749,931	97.14%	236,614	1.67%
2020	13,670,472	13,109,854	95.90%	133,090	13,242,944	96.87%	237,165	1.73%
2019	13,106,253	12,576,052	95.95%	357,628	12,933,680	98.68%	213,276	1.63%
2018	10,653,398	10,169,033	95.45%	116,839	10,285,872	96.55%	503,436	4.73%
2017	10,220,443	9,755,289	95.45%	132,106	9,887,395	96.74%	494,085	4.83%
2016	9,828,855	9,388,370	95.52%	141,990	9,530,360	96.96%	455,867	4.64%
2015	9,414,934	8,993,693	95.53%	176,099	9,169,792	97.40%	413,423	4.39%

Source: Washington County and Clackamas County Assessors

### CITY OF TUALATIN RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

	Gove	ernm	ental Activitie	es	Busines Activ	. 1			
Fiscal Year	General Private Obligation Placement Bonds (1) Notes Leases		Full Faith and Credit Obligations	Water Revenue Bonds	Total Oustanding Debt	Population	Debt Per Capita		
2024	\$ 29,858,831	\$	3,484,531	\$ 60,713	\$ 1,035,500	\$ -	\$ 34,439,575	27,753	1,241
2023	33,472,970		3,893,253	71,946	1,540,999	-	38,979,168	27,625	1,411
2022	18,739,057		4,297,546	77,600	2,031,498	-	25,145,701	27,775	905
2021	21,135,864		4,691,292	-	2,501,998	-	28,329,154	27,789	1,019
2020	23,337,672		483,580	-	2,957,497	-	26,778,749	27,858	961
2019	25,379,480		595,701	-	3,392,996	-	29,368,177	27,135	1,082
2018	4,480,000		704,492	-	3,813,496	-	8,997,988	27,055	333
2017	5,245,000		810,039	-	4,223,995	-	10,279,034	26,960	381
2016	5,980,000		912,611	-	4,624,495	-	11,517,106	26,840	429
2015	6,680,000		1,011,988		4,664,995	345,000	12,701,983	26,590	478

<sup>(1)</sup> Presented net of original issuance premiums

# CITY OF TUALATIN RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

**Governmental Activities** 

		General Obligation Bonds	Avai	s: Amounts lable in Debt rvice Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2024	\$	29,858,831	\$	(192,256)	\$ 29,666,575	0.29%	1,069
2023		33,472,970		(211,800)	33,261,170	0.35%	1,204
2022		18,739,057		(178,312)	18,560,745	0.23%	668
2021		21,135,864		(142,465)	20,993,399	0.27%	755
2020		23,337,672		(164,838)	23,172,834	0.32%	832
2019		25,379,480		(124,465)	25,255,015	0.37%	931
2018		4,480,000		(63,195)	4,416,805	0.07%	163
2017		5,245,000		(76,598)	5,168,402	0.09%	192
2016		5,980,000		(93,706)	5,886,294	0.12%	219
2015		6,680,000		(104,996)	6,575,004	0.14%	247

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

## CITY OF TUALATIN DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2024

Jurisdiction	Governme Activitie Debt Outsta	es	Percent Applicable Inside City of Tualatin		Amount Applicable Inside City of Tualatin
City of Tualatin	\$ 33,	404,075	100.0000%	\$	33,404,075
Clackamas County		575,000	0.8769% *	¢	881,942
Clackamas County District 3J (West Linn/Wilsonville)		502,321	1.0672%		4,946,497
Clackamas County School District 7J (Lake Oswego)		400,000	1.5140%		5,532,156
Clackamas County ESD		603,764	0.4380%		116,524
Clackamas Community College		601,792	0.9967%		1,172,137
Clackamas Soil & Water Conservation		035,000	0.8769%		44,152
Metro		485,443	2.2505%		17,227,250
Northwest Regional ESD		060,000	4.8308%		630,902
Portland Community College	617,	155,000	2.5847%		15,951,605
Washington County	134,	636,465	5.7798%		7,781,718
Rivergrove Water District 14J	3,	210,764	0.1644%		5,278
Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue District	48,	930,000	6.9419%		3,396,672
Washington County School District 23J (Tigard-Tualatin)	285,	455,000	31.4272%		89,710,514
Washington County School District 88J (Sherwood)	280,	395,027	15.2551%		42,774,542
Subtotal overlapping debt					190,171,889
Direct and overlapping debt				\$	223,575,964

Overlapping debt percentage is determined by the percentage of assessed value of the overlapping district that is within the City limits of Tualatin applied.

Source: Municipal Debt Management, State of Oregon

<sup>\*</sup>The percentage of the City of Tualatin in Clackamas County is very small, as is the property-tax backed debt, and produces an immaterial amount.

#### **CITY OF TUALATIN**

#### **COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN**

#### June 30, 2024

ORS 287.004 provides a debt limit of 3% of true cash value of all taxable property within the City boundaries:

True Cash Value	\$ 5,658,513,465
Rate	 x 3%
Debt limit	169,755,404
Debt applicable to limit	29,666,575
	\$ 140,088,829

Legal debt margin

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit	Debt limit	Debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin
2024	82.52%	169,755,404	29,666,575	140,088,829
2023	79.61%	163,153,550	33,261,170	129,892,380
2022	88.05%	155,346,652	18,560,745	136,785,907
2021	85.85%	148,311,760	20,993,399	127,318,361
2020	83.67%	141,862,619	23,172,834	118,689,785
2019	81.38%	135,631,379	25,255,015	110,376,364
2018	96.54%	127,806,549	4,416,805	123,389,744
2017	95.77%	122,102,317	5,168,402	116,933,915
2016	94.97%	117,114,807	5,886,294	111,228,513
2015	94.10%	111,351,080	6,575,004	104,776,076

Cash value stated above is equal to that value which is "taxable assessed value" as defined by Oregon law. This value is not the same value as market value, but is the value used for levy purposes.

# CITY OF TUALATIN DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2024

Fiscal	D 14	Taxable Personal	Per Capita Personal
Year	Population	Income	Income
2024	27,753	*	*
2023	27,625	*	*
2022	27,775	1,357,358	48,626
2021	27,789	1,341,686	48,072
2020	27,858	1,113,839	40,957
2019	27,135	1,087,409	40,074
2018	27,055	1,124,454	41,747
2017	26,960	1,033,535	38,336
2016	26,840	942,049	35,099
2015	26,590	910,673	34,249

(in thousands)

Source: State of Oregon

Department of Revenue Research and Statistical Reports

<sup>\*</sup> Information unavailable at this time.

CITY OF TUALATIN
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

June 30, 2024

	2024			2015	
Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
		• •			
				2	3.14%
1,100	2	3.61%	905	1	4.25%
984	3	3.22%	-	-	-
522	4	1.71%	-	-	-
464	5	1.52%	280	10	1.31%
369	6	1.21%	-	-	-
328	7	1.07%	478	4	2.24%
327	8	1.07%	320	7	1.50%
293	9	0.96%	-	-	_
286	10	0.94%	-	-	_
-	-	-	512	3	2.40%
-	-	_	460	5	2.40%
-	_	_	457	6	2.14%
-	_	_	300	8	1.41%
-	-	-	290	9	1.29%
8,224	•		4,671		
	522 464 369 328 327 293 286	Employees         Rank           3,551         1           1,100         2           984         3           522         4           464         5           369         6           328         7           327         8           293         9           286         10           -         -	Employees         Rank         Percentage of Total City Employment           3,551         1         11.64%           1,100         2         3.61%           984         3         3.22%           522         4         1.71%           464         5         1.52%           369         6         1.21%           328         7         1.07%           327         8         1.07%           293         9         0.96%           286         10         0.94%           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -	Employees         Rank         Percentage Employment         Employees           3,551         1         11.64%         669           1,100         2         3.61%         905           984         3         3.22%         -           522         4         1.71%         -           464         5         1.52%         280           369         6         1.21%         -           328         7         1.07%         478           327         8         1.07%         320           293         9         0.96%         -           286         10         0.94%         -           -         -         512           -         -         460           -         -         457           -         -         300           -         -         290	Employees         Rank         Employment         Employees         Rank           3,551         1         11.64%         669         2           1,100         2         3.61%         905         1           984         3         3.22%         -         -           522         4         1.71%         -         -           464         5         1.52%         280         10           369         6         1.21%         -         -           328         7         1.07%         478         4           327         8         1.07%         320         7           293         9         0.96%         -         -           286         10         0.94%         -         -           -         -         -         460         5           -         -         -         457         6           -         -         -         -         290         9

Information derived from Business License data provided to the City of Tualatin.

## CITY OF TUALATIN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

Function	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
C 1	45.75	45.75	44.75	44.75	45.75	45.75	41.75	40.05	20.60	26.05
General government	45.75	45.75	44.75	44.75	45.75	45.75	41.75	40.85	39.60	36.85
Public safety	51.00	50.00	50.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	50.00	50.50
Highways and streets	16.66	16.66	16.66	16.80	16.00	16.00	18.75	18.50	18.50	18.50
Culture and recreation	35.40	34.40	34.35	34.45	35.45	35.40	35.28	33.50	33.50	32.38
Sewer	4.66	4.66	4.66	4.60	4.00	4.00	3.75	3.50	2.50	2.50
Water	7.68	7.68	7.68	7.60	7.00	7.00	6.50	6.00	5.00	5.00
Total	161.15	159.15	158.10	159.20	159.20	159.15	157.03	153.35	149.10	145.73

Data from current and previous budgets

### CITY OF TUALATIN OPERATING INDICATORS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

Function	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Police	-, <u>-</u>									
Arrests	643	669	825	897	927	907	996	1,042	871	951
Traffic violations	2,081	2,054	2,347	2,937	3,340	3,098	3,393	2,958	2,880	3,794
Municipal Court cases	5,575	6,315	8,667	8,518	8,890	10,556	8,139	8,070	6,219	9,724
Building activity										
Permits issued	1,673	1,678	1,247	1,413	1,283	1,614	1,396	1,512	1,663	1,354
Estimated value (000's)	\$ 208,380	\$ 109,416	\$ 122,813	\$ 54,596	\$ 185,027	\$113,881	\$ 78,507	\$ 87,937	\$ 90,451	\$ 86,340
Planning applications	182	144	108	185	192	203	210	270	261	249
Library circulation	619,378	588,697	540,984	321,693	475,359	597,851	627,402	640,474	637,116	677,279
Miles of streets maintained	80	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	78
Water connections	7,053	6,935	6,924	6,937	6,908	6,905	6,823	6,762	6,873	6,823
Sewer connections	6,841	6,744	6,747	6,748	6,736	6,713	6,628	6,615	6,582	6,702

Data acquired from various City of Tualatin departments.

## CITY OF TUALATIN CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2024

Function	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Public safety										
Patrol units	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Highways and streets										
Miles of streets	80	80	80	79	79	79	79	79	79	78
Culture and recreation										
Number of parks	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Acreage	340	330	330	322	322	322	322	315	295	289
*Sewage disposal										
Max daily capacity	n/a									
Water										
Max daily capacity	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13
Fire hydrants	1,057	1,045	1,045	1,041	1,041	1,041	1,030	1,024	1,017	1,005

<sup>\*</sup>Sewage treatment for The City of Tualatin is provided by Clean Water Services (CWS) of Washington County. For a small portion of the City (east of I-5 and north of the Tualatin River) the service is provided by City of Lake Oswego.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Tualatin
Tualatin, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2024. Our audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law
- Programs funded from outside sources
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except for the following:



Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations December 30, 2024

#### Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)

Expenditures in excess of appropriations occurred during the year ended June 30, 2024, as follows:

Fund / Appropriation Category	Actual		 Appropriations		Variance
Transportation Development Tax Fund / Capital outlay	\$	5,093,933	\$ 4,790,000	\$	303,933

#### OAR 162-010-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

#### **Restriction of Use**

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of City Council, management of the City of Tualatin and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

December 30, 2024

By:

Brad Bingenheimer, Partner